

BRECKENRIDGE TOWN COUNCIL WORK SESSION

Tuesday, September 10, 2013; 3:00 PM Town Hall Auditorium

ESTIMATED TIMES: The times indicated are intended only as a guide. They are at the discretion of the Mayor, depending on the length of the discussion, and are subject to change.

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-		Marijuana Licensing Ordinance	15
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3:45-4:15pm	III	MANAGERS REPORT	
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		Housing/Childcare Update	
		Committee Reports	70
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-		Weber Gulch Hut Forest Service Comment Letter	82
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6:15-7:15pm	VI	JOINT MEETING WITH BRECKENRIDGE PUBLIC ART	105
_		COMMISSION (BPAC)	

MEMORANDUM

To: Town Council

From: Peter Grosshuesch, Director of Community Development

Date: September 4, 2013

Re: Planning Commission Decisions of the September 3, 2013, Meeting.

DECISIONS FROM THE PLANNING COMMISSION AGENDA OF September 3, 2013:

CLASS C APPLICATIONS:

1) Lot 83, Highlands Park (SG) PC#2013068, 201 Lake Edge Drive

Construct a new, single family residence with 4 bedrooms, 4.5 bathrooms, 4,960 sq. ft. of density and 5,857 sq. ft. of mass for a F.A.R. of 1:6.91. Approved.

2) Lot 2, Shock Hill, Legacy Homes (SG) PC#2013069, 0065 Penn Lode

Construct a new, single family residence with 5 bedrooms, 6.5 bathrooms, 6,400 sq. ft. of density and 7,899 sq. ft. of mass for a F.A.R. of 1:3.69. Approved.

3) Sharp Residence (SG) PC#2013073, 446 Timber Trail Road

Construct a new, single family residence with 7 bedrooms, 6.5 bathrooms, 7,742 sq. ft. of density and 8,683 sq. ft. of mass for a F.A.R. of 1:4.41. Approved.

4) Synergy Market Home (MGT) PC#2013071, 0047 Galena Court

Construct a new, single family residence with 4 bedrooms, 4 bathrooms, 4,934 sq. ft. of density and 4,984 sq. ft. of mass for a F.A.R. of 1:12.93. Approved.

5) Lot 12, Crescent (MGT) PC#2013072, 760 Fairways Drive

Construct a new, single family residence with 4 bedrooms, 4 bathrooms, 2,986 sq. ft. of density and 3,428 sq. ft. of mass for a F.A.R. of 1:8.64. Approved.

6) Columbia Lode Duplex 17 & 16 (MM) PC#2013070, 76 & 82 Luisa Drive

Construct a new duplex residence with 4 bedrooms and 3.5 bathrooms (Unit 16), 3 bedrooms and 2.5 bathrooms (Unit 17), 4,324 sq. ft. of density and 5,920 sq. ft. of mass. Approved.

CLASS C VARIANCE APPLICATIONS:

None.

CLASS B APPLICATIONS:

None.

CLASS A APPLICATIONS:

None.

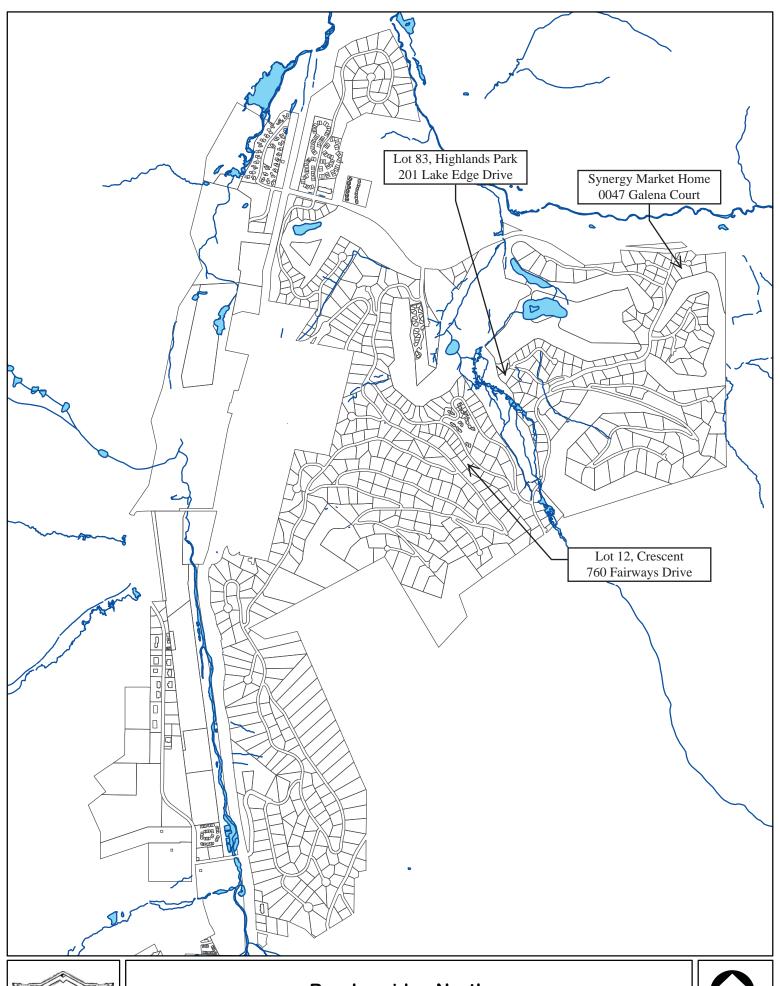
TOWN PROJECT HEARINGS:

1) Cucumber Gulch Wetland Channel Restoration (MT for SR) PC#2013074

Restore wetlands and beaver pond habitat in the Upper Cucumber Gulch Area. Recommendation that the Town Council approve.

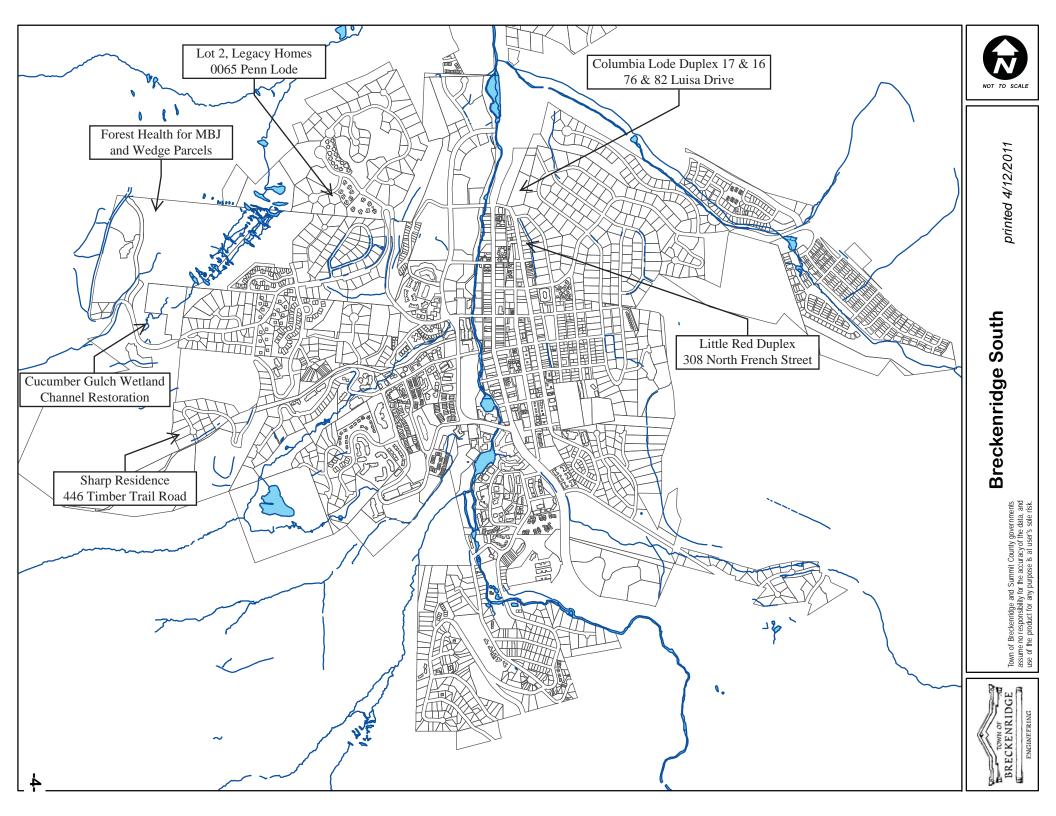
2) Forest Health for MBJ and Wedge Parcels (MT for SR) PC#2013075

Forest health treatment in Cucumber Gulch Preserve, specifically addressing standing dead lodgepole pines and deadfall on the former MBJ and Wedge parcels. Recommendation that the Town Council approve.









PLANNING COMMISSION MEETING

The meeting was called to order at 7:00 pm

ROLL CALL

Kate Christopher Jim Lamb Gretchen Dudney

Dan Schroder Eric Mamula

Dave Pringle

Trip Butler and Jennifer McAtamney, Town Council Liaison, were absent. Mayor John Warner was present.

APPROVAL OF AGENDA

With no changes, the September 3, 2013 Planning Commission meeting agenda was approved unanimously (6-0).

APPROVAL OF MINUTES

With no changes, the August 6, 2013, Planning Commission Minutes were approved as presented.

CONSENT CALENDAR:

- 1. Lot 83, Highlands Park (SG) PC#2013068, 201 Lake Edge Drive
- 2. Lot 2, Shock Hill, Legacy Homes (SG) PC#2013069, 0065 Penn Lode
- 3. Sharp Residence (SG) PC#2013073, 446 Timber Trail Road
- 4. Synergy Market Home (MGT) PC#2013071, 0047 Galena Court
- 5. Lot 12, Crescent (MGT) PC#2013072, 760 Fairways Drive
- 6. Columbia Lode Duplex 17 & 16 (MM) PC#2013070, 76 & 82 Luisa Drive

With no requests for call up, the Consent Calendar was approved as presented.

TOWN COUNCIL REPORT:

Mayor John Warner gave the report filling in for Councilwoman Jennifer McAtamney. The Council had first reading of new marijuana regulations which plays into our town brand. Attorney will rewrite ordinance so that sole proprietor would be required not to have retail in the downtown corridor. Don't want to undermine the will of the voters but we feel that we have a duty to protect our brand and Main Street. This is within the town rights according to Amendment 64. It is in EngageBreck and there are numerous positive comments. Also, the Council wanted no caps on the number of dispensaries except for the Mayor. Mayor wanted a cap of 5 but the majority wanted to let the free market to play out. Feel free to get on EngageBreck. (Mr. Schroder: I am in support of no downtown dispensaries with the Council.) We are inadvertently creating a neighborhood of dispensaries on Airport Road. This is a complicated and messy issue. (Mr. Pringle: How does the law work with retail versus supply to the retail shops?) The supply must be fairly close. Could opt to be just medical marijuana or just retail or both. If you are both retail and medical you have to have 2 entrances 2 counters for the under 21 medical marijuana and the over 21 retail. (Mr. Mamula: Has the state made estimates how many people might be recreational users vs. medical?) Probably all current medical marijuana will go retail. (Mr. Pringle: Will it be like a need for additional liquor license?) There is currently no cap, but Mr. Berry (Town Attorney) might rethink some things since Council did not want a cap. At this point the person who will evaluate the applications will be the Town Manager. Currently have 5 dispensaries, but if there is more like 15 then we might need an addendum for something like a liquor license board.

Mr. Gallagher and Mayor Warner toured the Black Forest Fire, an amazing tour, saw the entirety of fire, Cathedral Pines neighborhood was asked to use best practices to prepare for fire, they lost 1 out of 100 houses and surrounding neighborhoods that weren't using preventative planning practices were 95% lost. Pre-mitigation really worked for the Cathedral Pines neighborhood. I came back with good info with Mr. Gallagher and learned a lot about best landscaping fire mitigation practices, like not using wood chips around

your home. The one house that was lost in Cathedral Pines had all of his woodworking materials under his deck. A great lesson learned. (Mr. Pringle: I am a believer in defensible space, but concerned about fires creating own weather patterns and still this neighborhood weren't touched?) Yes, because of mitigation practices used that the fire stayed within 50 feet. The homes that tried to do defensible space within other neighborhoods lost their homes because their neighbors didn't do defensible space. Need to have 100% buy in

Arts District: We lost 30 parking spots here and with the Harris Street Building, lost 60 parking spots. This was apparent during bike race but the Arts District is going well although a couple weeks behind. Both big projects we have been underwhelmed by the number of local contractors and costs of working on that, but because economy is better, we are doing better as a town on tax revenue. Asbestos mitigation was tough on the Harris Street renovation.

(Mr. Mamula: Has the Town Council addressed the fact that local contractors are not as engaged after they complained when the economic downturn?) A lot of the workers have left the county so that's why some of the contractors haven't been around now.

Cucumber Gulch blowout: The Boreas Creek 60" pipe blew out the beaver ponds. It will be remediated. And we will do fire mitigation work on MBJ and Wedge.

The US Pro Challenge: The bike race was put on EngageBreck to ask people what they think. Aspen did a live post race seminar and it was overwhelmingly positive from their residents. Restaurant Association came to Breck Town Council with a letter in support of the long range view of the Bike Race. The goal is to grow the pie year over year. If merchants are patient, this will pay dividends.

Decision to heat sidewalk on Lincoln up to Ridge Street, takes natural gas, but will reduce slips and falls.

Median Landscape from roundabout to north to Valley Brook Road, a few Council members don't like the stone, natural look, so we are getting a plan back that will be more manicured, more intense and highly maintained from roundabout to Valley Brook. From Valley Brook to Fairview will be less formal but look better than a patch of weeds. There will be a median all the way to Tiger Road, which was news to me. (Mr. Schroder: Is this a Town of Breck thing? Would like to have a choice that is minimal upkeep and money, would be better to do it right the first time and not follow Town of Frisco's example with replacing rock every year.) Valley Brook to Fairview a buff concrete paver that would have a weed barrier underneath is proposed for this area. Maybe use some Breck Street lamps every 200 feet as an icon for the Town. Maybe some stands for hanging plants but this would require a lot more upkeep. Fairview is a joint County / Town project topic. (Ms. Dudney: Will Highway 9 be paved before snow flies?) They think they will get it done by end of

(Ms. Dudney: How are sales on solar panels?) They are sold out without a lot of marketing. (Mr. Lamb: I don't even notice the solar panels, I'm pleased with how well shielded it is.) (Mr. Pringle: I don't think there is any impact from Highway 9, maybe from Fairview.) (Ms. Puester: There will be landscaping installed in strategic locations later this fall.) (Mr. Lamb: We did a good job of communicating as opposed to how it worked at Summit Cove Elementary.)

October, even though Contractor is not pleasing CDOT with their progress.

BOSAC paid for two pieces of property between Alpine Bank. EngageBreck is giving input on how to use this, some people want parking, outdoor yoga, playground, no suggestions for retail. (Mr. Thompson: The historic guidelines mention a visual corridor to the Carter Museum as well.)

WORKSESSIONS:

1. Planning Application Reclassifications (JP)

Ms. Puester presented a memo identifying some potential modifications that could assist with efficiencies in the development review process or fill in some holes that staff has identified. The proposed changes for comment are:

- Class A: Add cellular towers and antennas.
- Class B: Reclassify Small Vendor Carts to a Class C development, still requiring Planning Commission review but not requiring public notice, while keeping Large Vendor Carts a Class B (and public notice).
- Class C:

- o Change Single family structures outside of the Historic District to Class D development, with the ability of the Director to reclassify to a Class C if staff identifies any issues.
- o Change Duplex structures outside of the Historic District to Class D development, with the ability of the Director to reclassify to a Class C.
- Add a seasonal category to code language that states temporary structures or uses greater than three days in duration.

• Class D:

- o Add a new Master Sign Plan Modification category.
- o Add any covenant changes to the existing language of substitution of employee housing unit.
- o Allow minor remodels and additions of less than 10% of total square footage.

Class A: Add cellular towers and antennas. This would be a new section to address land use and visibility and appropriateness of the location.

Commissioner Questions / Comments:

Ms. Christopher: This is a great idea, good to address.

Mr. Mamula: I agree. Ms. Dudney: I agree.

Mr. Pringle: I agree and would like to see what other municipalities and residential areas are doing.

Ms. Christopher: In Phoenix they have cell towers designed like palm and pine trees.

Mr. Schroder: I agree too; there is a lot of ability to hide and screen these cell towers.

Class B: Reclassify Small Vendor Carts to a Class C development, still requiring Planning Commission review but not requiring public notice, while keeping Large Vendor Carts a Class B. Staff is proposing to separate these out as small carts are limited to 40 sq. ft. for 1 year, large are 100 sq. ft. for 3 years. Small carts get put away in the evening and large carts don't. Large carts need public notice since they stay in place for 3 years.

Commissioner Questions / Comments:

Mr. Pringle: In favor.

Mr. Schroder: In favor and need to keep Class B for large carts. Do we need to spend time on large vendor

carts? (Ms. Puester: We currently only allow for 3 large vendor carts, crepe cart is exempted. Large vending carts for up to 12 outdoor seating and an established look; more impact.)

Ms. Dudney: This is more fair.

Mr. Mamula: I don't agree, they all need public notice for mixed use buildings. There are potential issues

for blocking doors and windows of existing businesses. I would leave it the way it is. Because small vendor carts could be objectionable to the owners of businesses but the

landlord may not care. You can have 4 small carts.

Ms. Christopher: If the small cart is the same owner as the business, would that work?

Mr. Mamula: Jerky, Stellas are large. (Mr. Thompson: Kavas is small and operates only in summer.)

Mr. Pringle: Class C would not get any special notice. (Ms. Puester: Could up the notifications for this;

the filing fees are hefty.)

Mr. Mamula: I care about the public notice not the filing fees. (Ms. Puester: Class C would come on a

consent calendar, could modify process to require notice with it.)

Mr. Lamb: Would support a hybrid change in code so that neighbors could get a notice.

Mr. Mamula: Part of the fee structure being high is intentional to discourage the small carts.

Ms. Dudney: We all agree with the hybrid idea.

Class C:

- Change Single family structures outside of the Historic District to Class D development, with the ability of the Director to reclassify to a Class C if staff identifies issues.
- Change Duplex structures outside of the Historic District to Class D development, with the ability of the

Director to reclassify to a Class C. *Commissioner Questions / Comments:*

Ms. Dudney:

What are the advantages to moving from Class C to Class D? (Ms. Puester: It would reduce the time to create all of the reports for Class C. Staff would still do a thorough review in house for the file. Would skip the Planning Commission and Council consent agenda. It also saves time for the homeowner, about 3 weeks. Would be doing some kind of hybrid fee as staff would still be spending quite a bit of time reviewing and working with applicants. Currently, staff points out issues in the reports already or requests call ups, the Commission would see those still with issues). (Mr. Grosshuesch: If we give a denial recommendation on a Class D, we would call that up. It is a significant amount of time that we spend writing these up for the packet. It will give planning more time to focus on A and B applications and give the Planning Commission more time to read those and focus on development code issues.)

Mr. Mamula:

The report is not what it used to be; it is more stripped down. There are neighborhoods that have created their own code and we have changed things for them like requiring paved driveways. I agree with 90% of these things, but we will get to the point where whole subdivisions will be redeveloped. As a Planning Commission I would like to see to help direct the planning, even when they aren't denied. Out of the 16 callups I'm glad that 4 of them didn't get built. The applicant changed because of the callup process. I'm leery. I would like to see more reasons to bump up to us like a tear down in old neighborhood, ridgeline development, I would like to have this be automatically called up. The Commission and Council need to have some input.

Mr. Pringle:

I would concur with Mr. Mamula. Speeding things up don't necessarily make the process better. We should maybe take more time on the consent calendar to make sure we do the Town service. We are a little less critical as a commission, which gives the staff a lot of latitude. We have a system that works now. Maybe we open up every consent calendar item in these meetings to discuss further. I would like to stay with the process we have, we've already streamlined it. It is still an important part of what we do.

Mr. Lamb:

We have some things come through like the Highlands that we trust their architectural board. What if we have more things beyond a steep slope like a tear down, negative points, whatever looks questionable to help streamline this that is called up? We have a short building season here so 3 weeks is important. Staff points out the issues.

Mr. Mamula:

We have looked at stuff in the Highlands.

Ms. Dudney:

I appreciate that there is tenure on this. The most difficult thing is to step back and see if we can streamline things, 3 weeks is a long time for homeowners especially with the percentage of denials. I would like to see a compromise. Could we carve out some things that we can agree on? But the large majority should go through, don't assume that government has to add on inordinately. (Mr. Grosshuesch: We have a track record of what is going to be problematic; our position is when in doubt, call it up.)

Mr. Mamula:

I would like to see the raw score and if there is anything in there then I'd like to bring that up in these meetings. (Ms. Puester: Could we do a hybrid system like negative points, no envelopes, laundry list of what would go to Planning Commission?) We have a good staff now and trust what you guys are doing but will not always have the same staff and may not always be like this.

Mr. Pringle:

We are proposing to eliminate the consent calendar so that we can at least look at the report. Maybe a one page summary.

Mr. Lamb:

Site plan, abbreviations in one page or a summary? (Ms. Puester: We have a strong code and have modified it over time to address issues. Have not changed the code based on single family review issues in a long time. Staff points out issues that are flawed with the code. We have the rules on stucco and driveways and so on. So if there were to be concerns we could

look at those.)

Mr. Pringle: But a lot of these happened because Planning Commission looked at it. Stucco is Mr.

Mamula's baby and we stopped it. (Mr. Grosshuesch: We have learned a lot because of the boom of single family homes and the architectural review committees work out these issues

before we get there.)

Mr. Schroder: We are appointed community members. I like seeing the consent calendar and I like

knowing that planners have gone through and I like being informed as a Planning Commissioner. I like the suggestion of a snapshot of the consent calendar. But this is a Planning Commission of what the role is, maybe it is not the role to review single family homes, I like knowing what is coming ahead of time. Maybe a summary like you have the

class C subdivisions.

Ms. Christopher: I agree that our job is to help guide the development of the community and that is everything

including the single family homes. We don't need the full packet if that helps.

Mr. Lamb: Anything that does not have architectural review committee, is on a hillside, ridgeline, tear

down, has negative points, that is a slam dunk.

Ms. Christopher: Would still like to see this info even though so that we know what is going through.

Mr. Lamb: Would like to see save the 3 weeks for the homeowner if possible.

Mr. Mamula: I agree with Mr. Grosshuesch that HOA review committees are tough. There are some subs

which do not have one-Warriors Mark is a different story, glad we got as in depth as we did with a duplex there. (Ms. Puester: What if we come back with a draft proposal to identify the major points that would kick in Planning Commission review and then a briefing about

projects that don't come before the Commission so that you stay informed?)

Ms. Christopher: Suggest that we kick only some of the single family homes down like HOA review

committees but the rest comes to us.

Mr. Pringle: Don't want to see any changes, we've done enough already to streamline.

Mr. Mamula: I don't have any problem with this if I knew this staff would be here forever, but we've had

staff members that we can't trust. I'm worried about the future and the future quality of the

staff. Can look into list of what would include the Planning Commission review.

(Ms. Puester: So is the direction to come back with draft language on what would go to Planning Commission and an idea of how to keep the Commission informed on all of the

applications that have been approved or going through staff review?)

Vote:

Mr. Pringle: Don't come back with proposal.

Mr. Mamula: Come back with proposal.
Ms. Dudney: Come back with proposal.
Mr. Lamb: Come back with proposal.
Ms. Christopher: Will look at proposal.
Mr. Schroder: Will look at proposal.

• Temporary structures or uses greater than three days in duration. Would like more direction on this with seasonal language. Is 3 days the time, could it be longer, can we get a seasonal category?

Commissioner Questions / Comments:

Ms. Christopher: What is this? (Ms. Puester: Beaver Run Summer Tent. Special Event structures are for 3

days. Do you want to go back and think about this more or do you want us to come back

with a proposal?)

Ms. Dudney: Yes, the Planning Commission sees the same problems with this. (Consensus: Yes.)

Class D:

• Add Master Sign Plan Modifications. Reduces cost for the applicant, more of an incentive to update signs

if we drop the fees, if they are not changing square footage. This is coming as Master Sign Plan is outdated and we want to update the style with minor modifications. (Ms. Puester clarified: Major modifications would still come to Planning Commission as class C. Any new Master Sign Plans would still come to the Planning Commission. We want incentives for people to update their sign packages reduce fees from \$705. Staff will define minor modifications versus major modifications.)

Commissioner Questions / Comments:

Mr. Mamula: Make sure you look at the staff time it takes to review a sign plan and make sure the fees are

appropriate. (Mr. Thompson: We want to make sure that landlords update their Master Sign Plans so that they get modernized, even though it takes more staff time to do this but it will

be beneficial to do so.)

Mr. Schroder: Let's freshen the place up, like Mayor Warner talked about.

(The Commission was unanimous with this decision.)

• Add substitution of employee housing unit. Want to include more aspects, beef this language up. (Unanimous yes vote on this from Commission.)

• Allow minor remodels and additions of less than 10% of total square footage. As long as there are no changes to the exterior of the structure.

Commissioner Questions / Comments:

Mr. Schroder: I believe that this is in line with our duties. (Ms. Puester: I will wrap this in the discussion

about single families and come back.)

Mr. Mamula: I would like to see a square footage cap like x% or 500 square feet total for example,

whatever makes sense so that a large addition to a 10,000 square foot house can't fall under

this.

(Staff will come back with language)

2. Little Red Duplex in the Historic District (MGT), 308 North French Street

Mr. Pringle stated that Mr. Hasenstab and Ms. McCormick are the applicants and are neighbors of Mr. Pringle, but they have not discussed this topic previously. He is the adjacent property owner in the back.

Mr. Thompson presented a proposal to construct a new duplex in the Historic District at 308 North French Street, former location of the Little Red Schoolhouse. The proposal calls for a 3,534 sq. ft. "mirror image" duplex (total square footage), with three bedrooms and four bathrooms in each of the two units. Each unit has a one car garage and one outdoor tandem space. Access is proposed via a shared driveway, utilizing the existing driveway on a neighbor's property to the south. The proposed building is to be created from prefabricated units joined together. It is to be two stories in height with a substantial amount of structure between floors. Each side of the duplex is identical in form and detail, or a mirror image. Staff believes that the form and shape of buildings in this character area are of the utmost importance. The proposed mirror image duplex was not a form and shape seen historically in Breckenridge. Mr. Thompson discussed the following:

- Priority Policy 140 (Use building forms similar to those found historically in the area)
- Priority Policy 8 (Reinforce the visual unity of the block)
- Priority Policy 80 (Respect the perceived building scale established by historic structures within the relevant character area)
- Priority Policy 80A (Use connectors to link smaller modules and for new additions to historic structures)
- Priority Policy 138 (New buildings should be in scale with existing historic and supporting buildings in the North End)

- Priority Policy 144 (Reinforce the typical narrow front façade widths that are typical of historic buildings in the area)
- Priority Policy 142 (Building height should be similar to nearby historic buildings)

Staff is seeking input on the key points described for design direction. A more detailed review will come before the Commission with a full development permit application.

Applicant Presentation: Ms. Mary McCormick, Architect, and Mr. Garrett Hasenstab, Applicant

Ms. McCormick: It is our intention to address and resolve these issues and that the projects contribute to the community. There are issues that are unclear so we need planning commission direction to fix things in the future. I have a revision with pulling roof line down and would like commission to see if this meets with 142? (Ms. Dudney: They are looking for direction from us as to where they should head, but by no means could we say that we approve this if you have not shown it to Staff and given them time to review the new revisions.) (Mr. Mamula: We don't want to give specific design direction.) Concerns with the math that Mr. Thompson used and don't agree with it. (Ms. Dudney: It is not appropriate for us to make an opinion on this, it would be appropriate to work with staff and see your point of view and staff's point of view. We rely on staff for consistent interpretation and calculations. We can't give you real specifics because we don't have specific plans.) (Ms. Christopher: Details need to be worked out with staff in the end.)

Staff had the following questions for the Planning Commission:

1. Did the Planning Commission agree that a mirror image duplex does not meet Priority Policy 140? (Use building forms similar to those found historically in the area.)

Mr. Lamb: I agree with staff interpretations. All of the Planning Commissioners agreed with the staff interpretation.

Ms. McCormick asked whether Priority Policy 140 refers to form or shape but nowhere does mirror images comes up, only refers to windows, rooflines. I don't see it in the code. (Mr. Grosshuesch: It says to use building forms similar to the historic character area.) (Mr. Hasenstab: No duplexes were built historically, we would like to build a duplex within the guidelines.)

Ms. Dudney: I don't object to the duplex, it is the fact that the two shapes are exactly alike, there needs to be variation.

Mr. Pringle: Two homes on the lot that are connected by common garage wall, we would like incorporate the duplex use with modules attached to make it look more like one structure, beyond just the common wall. Modules that make up that use, more like one structure

Ms. Christopher: The staff is really a good resource for you for a design that would be acceptable.

Mr. Pringle: There are examples of duplexes in the historic district that could help you. (Mr. Hasenstab: We are hoping for a bit more direction from the Commission, staff doesn't give us the direction on how to solve our issues.)

Mr. Mamula: We are like a court which we weigh your plans versus the code, all we are here to do is look at what we have here tonight and it is your job to work with staff to meet the code. We are different than the rest of the County in how the Town does it's planning, especially in the Historic District.

2. Did the Planning Commission agree with Staff that Priority Policy 8 is not being met? (Reinforce the visual unity of the block.)

All of the Planning Commissioner's agreed that this doesn't reinforce the visual unity of the block.

3. Did the Planning Commission believe that Priority Policy 80 is not being met? (Respect the perceived building scale established by historic structures within the relevant character area.)

Mr. Pringle: Ceiling to floor space is overly large; could this be compressed to help? (Mr. Thompson: Yes I think this because of the prefabricated boxes.) If there was more separation between front façade and L part there would be more set back.

Everybody agreed with staff on this point.

4. Did the Planning Commission believe that design standards in Priority Policy 80A (distance of separation provided by the connectors) are not being met? All the Planning Commission agreed 80A was not being met.

The design is going to be so different and so right now this is not met. All of these questions are interrelated. Ms. McCormick: We thought this was a work session that would be conversational with the Planning Commission.

Ms. Dudney: I don't think I could imagine that we would go against staff in mathematical calculations. These need to be taken up with staff.

Ms. Christopher: What is in our packet is what we see. We don't expect new material that Staff has not had time to review.

5. Did the Planning Commission agree with Staff that Priority Policy 144 is not being met? (Front façade of a building may not exceed 30' in width.)

Planning Commission agreed with staff.

Mr. Mamula: Project 228 South High: 4 lots; we were very specific about the front facades these are good examples, don't look at the other structures on the block that were built before the code was created, look at PJ's house when you are trying to meet code, look at the surviving historic structures.

Mr. Pringle: The homes to the north of you are the direction to go and follow for design.

6. Does the Planning Commission agree that the front façade should be one or one and a half stories as required by Priority Policy 142 and that the current design does not meet this priority policy?

Ms. Dudney: Overall, we are behind the staff unanimously, it needs to follow the nice historic buildings on your block, which are one or one and a half stories.

Mr. Pringle: All the priority policies need to be met. When you have a list of 6 failing priority policies, hence failing 5/A Architectural Compatibility, you will need some major rethinking on the design.

Staff welcomed any additional comments.

Ms. Dudney: Even though code says max 23' you think what is important is 1 ½ stories? (Mr. Thompson: This is correct. 1 to 1 ½ stories is the historic character of the area.)

TOWN PROJECT HEARINGS:

1. Cucumber Gulch Wetland Channel Restoration (SR) PC#2013074

Mr. Reid presented that the Town is proposing to restore wetlands and beaver pond habitat in the Upper Cucumber Gulch area. The site is located immediately across Ski Hill Road from the Peak 8 Base Area development. As anticipated in 2012, Town staff is now focused on phase two of the wetland restoration which involves restoring the Boreas Creek stream channel. This proposed second phase is intended to:

- 1. Reduce the speed, and therefore erosive force, of the water flow in the incised Boreas Creek channel.
- 2. Raise the Boreas Creek channel elevation to reduce its draining effect on the adjoining wetlands.
- 3. Install log deadfall areas to stabilize the stream channel and reduce future erosion.
- 4. Create additional wetland habitat.
- 5. Protect the investment in the existing Cucumber wetland restoration by reducing erosion and sedimentation in the downstream beaver ponds.

The Breckenridge Open Space Advisory Commission (BOSAC) was made aware of this project and reviewed this concept in fall 2012, and more recently at its August 19th meeting. BOSAC unanimously recommended proceeding with the proposed channel restoration, and to pursue approval for a Town Project through the

Planning Commission and Town Council. BOSAC recommended prompt action be taken to address the ongoing concerns in Upper Cucumber Gulch.

Alternatives to channel restoration are 1) no action, 2) implement a more standard weir and drop-structure approach, or 3) implement portions of the proposal, but not the entirety. The Town's consultants (Ecometrics and Johnson Environmental, Inc.) have contributed their input into the proposal design, and have agreed that the proposed plan is the most appropriate course of action for this site.

This is a Town Project pursuant to the recently adopted ordinance amending the Town Projects Process (Council Bill No. 1, Series 2013), effective April 12, 2013. As a result, the Planning Commission is asked to identify any code issues they may have with this application. In addition, the Commission is asked to make a recommendation to the Town Council. Staff suggested that the Planning Commission recommend approval of the Cucumber Gulch Channel Restoration to the Town Council, PC#2013074, with the presented Findings.

Commissioner Questions / Comments:

No commissioner questions or comments.

Ms. Dudney opened the hearing to public comment. There was no public comment, and the hearing was closed.

Mr. Mamula made a motion to recommend the Town Council approve the Cucumber Gulch Wetland Channel Restoration, PC#2013074, with the presented Findings. Ms. Christopher seconded, and the motion was carried unanimously (6-0).

2. Forest Health for MBJ and Wedge Parcels (SR) PC#2013075

Mr. Reid stated the Town is proposing a forest health treatment in Cucumber Gulch Preserve, specifically addressing standing dead lodgepole pines and deadfall on the former MBJ and Wedge parcels. These two parcels were acquired relatively recently by the Town and warrant tree removal in upland areas to reduce wildfire risk, diversify wildlife habitat, clean up a portion of the new open space, and remove standing dead tree hazards. The site is located immediately across Ski Hill Road from National Forest Lands and undeveloped private property. Protection of the Cucumber Gulch Preserve is a high priority for the Town of Breckenridge and its open space program. Town staff is working with qualified consultants to identify and address threats to the ecosystem health. The presented proposal is designed to fulfill that goal by improving forest health in Cucumber Gulch's dry uplands.

This is a Town Project pursuant to the recently adopted ordinance amending the Town Projects Process (Council Bill No. 1, Series 2013), effective April 12, 2013. As a result, the Planning Commission is asked to identify any code issues they may have with this application. In addition, the Commission is asked to make a recommendation to the Town Council. Staff suggested that the Planning Commission recommend approval of the MBJ/ Cucumber Wedge Forest Health Project to the Town Council, PC#2013075, with the presented Findings.

Commissioner Questions / Comments:

Ms. Dudney: We appreciate all of your efforts.

Mr. Pringle: Prescribed burning used here? (Mr. Reid: No, these logs will be hauled out with a little left.)

Ms. Dudney opened the hearing to public comment. There was no public comment and the hearing was closed.

Mr. Mamula made a motion to recommend the Town Council approve the Forest Health for MBJ and Wedge

Parcels, PC#2013075, with the presented Findings. Ms. Christopher seconded, and the motion was carried unanimously (6-0).

OTHER MATTERS:

Anyone interested in the State APA conference it is coming in early October in Vail. Ms. Dudney will not be here for first meeting in October.

Mr. Mamula: Other retailers in town have made comments that sign enforcement is not being followed. We have strayed from intent.

ADJOURNMENT: The meeting was adjourned at 9:30 pm.	
	Gretchen Dudney, Chair



MEMORANDUM

To: Mayor and Town Council

From: Shannon Haynes, Chief of Police

Date: September 3, 2013

Subject: Licensing and Regulation of Medical Marijuana Businesses and Retail

Marijuana Establishments (2nd Reading)

At the September 10th Town Council session, I will be presenting for 2nd reading an ordinance regarding the Licensing and Regulation of Medical Marijuana businesses and Retail Marijuana establishments.

You will find clearly marked revisions from first reading that address concerns staff heard from council, as well as other matters staff thought should be updated. These edits include:

- Transfer of a license during the phase in period ending January 1, 2015
- License renewal language
- Revision of language addressing number of licenses
- Revised language regarding the current medical marijuana business in the Downtown Overlay District

I will be available at the Council meeting to answer any questions you might have.

2 MARKED TO SHOW CHANGES FROM FIRST 3 **READING** 4 5 6 COUNCIL BILL NO. 34 7 8 Series 2013 9 AN ORDINANCE REPEALING AND READOPTING WITH CHANGES CHAPTER 14 OF 10 TITLE 4 OF THE BRECKENRIDGE TOWN CODE CONCERNING THE LICENSING AND 11 12 REGULATION OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES AND RETAIL MARIJUANA 13 **ESTABLISHMENTS** 14 15 BE IT ORDAINED BY THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF BRECKENRIDGE, 16 COLORADO: 17 18 Section 1. Chapter 14 of Title 4 of the Breckenridge Town Code is repealed and reenacted with changes so as to read in its entirety as follows: 19 20 21 CHAPTER 14 22 23 MARIJUANA LICENSES AND REGULATIONS 24 25 SECTION: 26 27 SHORT TITLE 4-14-1: 28 4-14-2: **FINDINGS** 4-14-3: **PURPOSE** 29 30 4-14-4: **AUTHORITY** 4-14-5: 31 **DEFINITIONS** 32 4-14-6: LICENSE REQUIRED ADOPTION OF STATE CODES AND ADMINISTRATIVE REGULATIONS 33 4-14-7: 34 4-14-8: APPLICATION FOR LICENSE 4-14-9: 35 **FEES** 36 4-14-10: INVESTIGATION OF APPLICATION 37 4-14-11: AUTHORITY TO IMPOSE CONDITIONS ON LICENSE 38 4-14-12: DECISION BY LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY 39 APPEAL OF DENIAL OR CONDITIONAL APPROVAL OF LICENSE 4-14-13: 40 4-14-14: **INSPECTION OF PREMISES** 41 4-14-15: TERM OF LICENSE; RENEWAL

FOR WORKSESSION/SECOND READING – SEPT. 10

1

2013 MARIJUANA LICENSING ORDINANCE

1	4-14-16:	NOTIO	CE OF ISSUANCE OF LICENSE
2	4-14-17:	DUTIE	ES OF LICENSEE
3	4-14-18:	SUSPI	ENSION OR REVOCATION OF LICENSE
4	4-14-19:	TRAN	SFER OF OWNERSHIP; CHANGE OF LOCATION; MODIFICATION
5		OF PR	EMISES
6	4-14-20:	NUME	BER OF LICENSES AUTHORIZED CONSIDERATION OF NUMBER OF
7	EXISTING I	LICENSE	<u> </u>
8	4-14-21:	LOCA	TION OF LICENSED PREMISES; CO-LOCATION
9	4-14-22:	HOUR	S OF OPERATION
10	4-14-22:	SIGNA	AGE
11	4-14-24:	MARI.	JUANA ACCESSORIES
12	4-14-25:	ON-SI	TE CULTIVATION, GROWING AND PROCESSING
13	4-14-26:	DISPL	AY OF MARIJUANA
14	4-14-27:	TAXE	S
15	4-14-28:	WARE	EHOUSE STORAGE PERMITS
16	4-14-29:	VIOLA	ATIONS; PENALTIES; INJUNCTIVE RELIEF
17	4-14-30:	NO TO	OWN LIABILITY
18	4-14-31:	OTHE	R LAWS REMAIN APPLICABLE
19	4-14-32:	RULE	S AND REGULATIONS
20	4-14-33:	EFFEC	CTIVE DATE
21			
22	4-14-1: SHC	ORT TITI	LE: This Chapter is to be known and may be cited as the "Town Of
23	Breckenridge	e 2013 M	arijuana Licensing Ordinance."
24	_		
25	4-14-2: FIN	IDINGS:	The Town Council adopts this Chapter based upon the following findings of
26	fact:		
27			
28	A.	The (Colorado Medical Marijuana Code (Article 43.3 of Title 12, C.R.S.)
29			gnizes the power of a municipality to adopt and enforce its own rules and
30		regul	ations for the licensing of medical marijuana businesses within its
31			diction. Specifically, the Colorado Medical Marijuana Code authorizes
32		muni	cipalities to:
33		1.	prohibit the operation of medical marijuana centers, optional premises
34			cultivation operations, and medical marijuana-infused product
35			manufacturing facilities within the municipality (Section 12-43.3-106,
36			C.R.S.);
37		2.	adopt an ordinance containing specific standards for the issuance of local
38			licenses (Section 12-43.3-301(2)(a), C.R.S.);
20		2	
39		3.	adopt additional local standards for the issuance of licenses, including, but
40			not limited to, distance restrictions between premises for which licenses are
41			issued; reasonable restrictions on the size of an applicant's licensed

1 2 3		premises; and any other local requirement necessary to ensure the control of the premises and the ease of enforcement of the terms and conditions of the license (Section 12-43.3-301(2)(b), C.R.S.);
4 5 6		4. impose additional requirements necessary for the approval of applications under the Colorado Medical Marijuana Code (Section 12-43.3-301(4), C.R.S.);
7 8		5. enact ordinances or resolutions concerning matters authorized to local governments (Section 12-43.3-305(3), C.R.S.);
9 10 11 12		6. enact reasonable regulations or other restrictions applicable to licenses based on local government zoning, health, safety and public welfare laws for the distribution of medical marijuana that are more restrictive than the Colorado Medical Marijuana Code (Section 12-43.3-310(1), C.R.S.);
13 14		7. impose reasonable restrictions upon a local license (Section 12-43.3-310(7), C.R.S.); and
15 16		8. establish an application fee for a local license (Section 12-43.3-503(1), C.R.S.
17 18 19	В.	On November 6, 2012 the voters of the State of Colorado approved Amendment 64. Amendment 64 added Section 16 of Article XVIII to the Colorado Constitution.
20 21 22 23 24	C.	Section 16(5)(f) of Amendment 64Article XVIII of the Colorado Constitution authorizes a municipality to enact an ordinance or regulation, not in conflict with Amendment 64Section 16 of Article XVIII of the Colorado Constitution, governing the time, place, manner, and number of marijuana establishments within the boundaries of the municipality.
25 26 27 28 29	D.	The Colorado Retail Marijuana Code (Article 43.4 of Title 12, C.R.S.) establishes a new procedure that allows for the dual licensing by the State Licensing Authority and the Local Licensing Authority of the retail cultivation, manufacture, distribution, and sale of retail marijuana and retail marijuana products.
30	E.	Specifically, the Colorado Retail Marijuana Code authorizes municipalities to:
31 32 33 34		1. enact regulations governing the time, place, manner, and number of retail marijuana establishments within the boundaries of the municipality, which may include a local licensing requirement (Section 12-43.4-104(3), C.R.S.):

1 2. impose a separate local licensing requirements as a part of the 2 municipality's restrictions on time, place, manner, and number of marijuana 3 businesses within the municipality (Section 12-43.4-301(2), C.R.S.); 4 3. enact ordinances or resolutions concerning matters authorized to local 5 governments (Section 12-43.4-304(2), C.R.S.); 4. 6 adopt and enforce regulations for retail marijuana establishments that are at 7 least as restrictive as the Colorado Retail Marijuana Code and the state 8 administrative regulations (Section 12-43.4-309(1), C.R.S.); and 9 5. adopt and impose operating fees on marijuana establishments located within its jurisdiction in an amount determined by the municipality (Section 10 11 12-43.4-501(3), C.R.S.). The presence of medical marijuana businesses and retail marijuana 12 F. establishments within the Town's Downtown Overlay District may discourage 13 14 tourism, which is the economic lifeblood of the community. As such, except for the limited time period described in this Chapter, medical marijuana businesses 15 16 and retail marijuana establishments should all be limited in number, and, except in the limited circumstance described in Section 4-14-21, located outside of the 17 Downtown Overlay District in order to protect, defend, and preserve the 18 19 economic vitality of the Town. 20 G. The Town Council finds, determines, and declares that to the extent the requirements of this Chapter differ from the requirements of the Colorado 21 Medical Marijuana Code and the Colorado Retail Marijuana Code, the 22 23 requirements of this Chapter are more restrictive than the Colorado Medical 24 Marijuana Code and at least as restrictive as the Colorado Retail Marijuana Code. 25 H. This Chapter is necessary and proper to provide for the safety, preserve the 26 health, promote the prosperity, and improve the order, comfort, and convenience of the Town and the inhabitants thereof. 27 28 4-14-3: PURPOSE: It is the purpose of this Chapter to: 29 Require that medical marijuana businesses and retail marijuana establishments A. that are located within the Town be operated in a safe manner that do not 30 31 endanger the public welfare. 32 В. Mitigate potential negative impacts that medical marijuana businesses and retail marijuana establishments that are located within the Town might cause on 33 surrounding properties and persons. 34

C. 1 Regulate the conduct of persons owning, operating, and using medical marijuana 2 businesses and retail marijuana establishments that are located within the Town 3 in order to protect the public health, safety, and welfare. 4 Establish a non-discriminatory mechanism by which the Town can control, D. 5 through appropriate regulation, the location and operation of medical marijuana businesses and retail marijuana establishments that are located within the Town. 6 7 E. Establish requirements and limitations on the location of medical marijuana 8 businesses and retail marijuana establishments without requiring the immediate 9 closure of any currently licensed business. Limit the number of medical marijuana businesses and retail marijuana 10 establishments that are allowed to operate within the Town without requiring the 11 12 immediate closure of any currently licensed business. 13 4-14-4: AUTHORITY: The Town Council hereby finds, determines, and declares that it has the power to adopt this Chapter pursuant to: 14 15 16 The Colorado Medical Marijuana Code, Article 43.3 of Title 12, C.R.S.; A. 17 B. Section 16 of Article XVIII to the Colorado Constitution (Amendment 64); C. 18 The Colorado Retail Marijuana Code, Article 43.4 of Title 12, C.R.S.; 19 D. The applicable state administrative regulations applicable administrative 20 regulations; E. The Local Government Land Use Control Enabling Act, Part 1 of Article 20 of 21 22 Title 29, C.R.S.; Part 3 of Article 23 of Title 31, C.R.S. (concerning municipal zoning powers); 23 F. 24 G. Section 31-15-103, C.R.S. (concerning municipal police powers); 25 H. Section 31-15-401, C.R.S. (concerning municipal police powers); 26 I. Section 31-15-501, C.R.S. (concerning municipal authority to regulate businesses); 27 J. The authority granted to home rule municipalities by Article XX of the Colorado 28 Constitution: and 29 K. The powers contained in the Breckenridge Town Charter. 30 4-14-5: DEFINITIONS: 31

A. The definitions contained in the Colorado Medical Marijuana Code, the Colorado
Retail Marijuana Code, and the applicable state administrative
regulationsapplicable administrative regulations (as defined in Subsection B of
this Section), each as amended from time to time, are incorporated into this
Chapter by reference.

B. As used in this Chapter the following words have the following meanings, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

ABANDON: The knowing relinquishment of a license issued by the Town under

this Chapter. Abandonment includes both an intention to abandon the license and an act by which the intention is put into effect. For the purposes of this Chapter, abandonment shall be presumed if the business activity authorized by a license is ceased for ninety (90) consecutive days (not counting days when the license is ordered to be suspended pursuant to the Colorado Medical Marijuana Code, the Colorado Retail Marijuana Code, the applicable state

administrative regulations applicable administrative regulations, or

this Chapter).

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ADJACENT: Adjacent to or contiguous with the proposed location of a medical

marijuana business or retail marijuana establishment. Adjacency is to be determined without regard to the existence of a platted or dedicated public street or alley, and real property that would otherwise be determined to be adjacent to a proposed medical marijuana business or retail marijuana establishment does not lose its adjacency by virtue of the existence of a platted or dedicated

public street or alley.

AMENDMENT 64: The voter initiated amendment to the Colorado Constitution

adopted November 6, 2012. Amendment 64 added Section 16 of

Article XVIII to the Colorado Constitution.

APPLICANT: A person who has submitted an application for license to the Local

Licensing Authority: that has not been approved or denied by the

Local Licensing Authority.

APPLICATION: An application for license submitted to the Local Licensing

Authority.

APPLICABLE CODE: The Colorado Medical Marijuana Code or the Colorado Retail

Marijuana Code, whichever applies to the application or the license.

APPLICABLE STATE Whichever of the state administrative regulations apply to the

ADMINISTRATIVE REGULATION:

application or the license, as well as any administrative regulations issued by the Local Licensing Authority pursuant to Section

4-14-32.

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BUILDING OFFICIAL:

The Chief Building Official of the Town, or the Chief Building Official's designee authorized to act pursuant to Section 1-7-2 of this Code.

COLORADO MEDICAL MARIJUANA CODE: Article 43.3 of Title 12, C.R.S., as amended from time to time.

COLORADO RETAIL MARIJUANA CODE:

Article 43.4 of Title 12, C.R.S., as amended from time to time.

DAY: A calendar day, unless otherwise indicated.

DOWNTOWN OVERLAY DISTRICT:

The geographic area of the Town identified as the Downtown Overlay District in the Town's Land Use Guidelines, as amended from time to time.

GOOD CAUSE:

For the purpose of denial of an application, the denial of the renewal of a license, or the imposition of discipline of a licensee, means:

- 1. The licensee or the applicant has violated, does not meet, or has failed to comply with any of the terms, conditions, of provisions of this Chapter, the terms and conditions of any licensed issued by the Local Licensing Authority pursuant to this Chapter, any applicable code, or any applicable state-administrative regulation;
- 2. The licensee or the applicant has failed to comply with any special terms or conditions that were placed on the license pursuant to an order of the State Licensing Authority or the Local Licensing Authority; or
- 3. The licensee's licensed premises have been operated in a manner that adversely affects the public health, welfare, or the safety of the immediate neighborhood in which the establishment is located.

GROUND FLOOR: The floor of a structure at approximately the same elevation as the

natural grade of the surrounding area.

HALFWAY HOUSE: A group care facility for adults or juveniles who have been placed

on probation or parole under applicable law.

LAND USE GUIDELINES:

Has the meaning provided in Section 9-1-5 of this Code.

LICENSE:

A license to operate a medical marijuana business, a retail marijuana establishment, or both a medical marijuana businesses and a retail marijuana establishment, issued by the Local Licensing Authority pursuant to the this Chapter. Wherever in this Chapter the

terms "medical marijuana business" and "retail marijuana

establishment" are used, such terms include any medical marijuana business and retail marijuana establishment that are dually located

in accordance with the applicable law.

LICENSEE: A person holding a license.

LICENSED PREMISES: The premises that are the subject of a license.

LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY:

The Town Manager of the Town, or the Town Manager's designee

authorized to act pursuant to Section 1-7-2 of this Code.

MARIJUANA ACCESSORIES:

Has the meaning provided in Section 16(2)(g) of Amendment

64Article XVIII of the Colorado Constitution.

MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS:

Includes medical marijuana centers, optional premises cultivation operations, and medical marijuana-infused product manufacturing

facilities.

PERSON: Has the meaning provided in Section 1-3-2 of this Code.

RESIDENTIAL USE: Has the meaning provided in Section 9-1-5 of this Code.

SPLIT LEVEL STRUCTURE:

A structure, or portion of a structure, that includes multiple floors with the lowest floor visible from the street front having a finished grade below the finished grade level of the street front sidewalk.

RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT:

Has the meaning provided in the Colorado Retail Marijuana Code.

STATE

ADMINISTRATIVE REGULATIONS:

1. The administrative rules and regulations for medical marijuana businesses issued by the State Licensing Authority and/or the Colorado Department of Revenue, Marijuana Enforcement Division, pursuant to Sections 12-43.3-202(1)(b)(I) and 202(2),

C.R.S., as amended from time to time; and

2. The administrative rules and regulations for retail marijuana establishments issued by the State Licensing Authority and/or

Division, pursuant to Section (16)(5)(a) of Amendment 64Article XVIII of the Colorado Constitution and Section 12-43.4-202(2)(b), C.R.S., as amended from time to time. STATE LICENSING Has the meaning provided in the Colorado Medical Marijuana Code **AUTHORITY:** and the Colorado Retail Marijuana Code. TOWN: Has the meaning provided in Section 1-3-2 of this Code. 1 2 4-14-6: LICENSE REQUIRED: 3 4 Α. No person may operate a medical marijuana business, a retail marijuana 5 establishment, or both a dually located medical marijuana business and a retail 6 marijuana establishment, within the Town without both a valid license issued by the Local Licensing Authority and a valid license issued by the State Licensing 7 8 Authority. 9 B. A separate license shall be required for each specific business or business entity and 10 for each geographic location. 11 4-14-7: ADOPTION OF STATE CODES AND ADMINISTRATIVE REGULATIONS: 12 13 The following laws, rules, and regulations are adopted by reference and made a part A. 14 of this Chapter: 15 1. The Colorado Medical Marijuana Code; 16 2. The state administrative regulations that apply to medical marijuana businesses; 17 18 3. The Colorado Retail Marijuana Code; and 19 The state administrative regulations that apply to retail marijuana establishments; and 20 21 4.5. Any administrative regulations issued by the Local Licensing Authority pursuant to Section 4-14-32. 22 23 B. Except where the provisions of this Chapter are inconsistent with or differ from the laws, rules, and regulations adopted by reference in Subsection A of this Section, or 24 25 where, by their nature, the adopted laws, rules, and regulations cannot apply to the Local Licensing Authority, all of the provisions of the adopted laws, rules, and 26 regulations apply to all applications received and licenses issued by the Local 27 28 Licensing Authority pursuant to this Chapter. Where a provision of the adopted

Colorado Department of Revenue, Marijuana Enforcement

- laws, rules, and regulations are applicable to the Local Licensing Authority the terms "State Licensing Authority," "Department," and "Division" shall mean the Local Licensing Authority, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.
- C. If there is a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and the adopted laws, rules, and regulations the provisions of this Chapter shall control to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law.

4-14-8: APPLICATION FOR LICENSE:

- A. A person seeking to obtain a license from the Local Licensing Authority shall file an application with the Town's Municipal Services Office. The Municipal Services Office is responsible for providing application forms to prospective applicants, and for generally supervising the application process up to the point that a completed application is submitted to the Local Licensing Authority for a decision. Once an application is determined to be complete, the application and all supporting documentation shall be forwarded to the Local Licensing Authority. The Local Licensing Authority shall make a final decision on the Application in accordance with Section 4-14-12.
- B. No license may be issued by the Local Licensing Authority for a retail marijuana testing facility.
 - C. No license shall be issued by the Local Licensing Authority to a cooperative association as defined in Article 55 of Title 7, C.R.S.; a cooperative as defined in Article 56 of Title 7, C.R.S.; or any other similar cooperatively-owned business entity, association, or group.
 - D. Until January 1, 2015 only licensees who hold both a valid Town medical marijuana license and a valid state license issued under the Colorado Medical Marijuana Code on the effective date of this Chapter may submit an application for a license for a new retail marijuana establishment license under this Chapter; provided, however, that between the effective date of this Chapter and January 1, 2015 a licensee who holds both a valid Town medical marijuana or retail marijuana license and a valid state license of the same type may transfer ownership of the local license in accordance with the applicable codes, the applicable administrative regulations, and Section 4-14-19 of this Chapter. The Local Licensing Authority shall not accept or process any application submitted in violation of this provision.
 - E. A license issued by the Local Licensing Authority does not eliminate the need for the licensee to obtain other required Town licenses and permits related to the operation of the licensed premises, including, without limitation:
 - 1. a development permit if required by the terms of Chapter 1 of Title 9 of this Code;

- 1 2. a Town sales tax license; 2 3. a Town Business and Occupational Tax License; and a building permit, mechanical permit, plumbing permit, or electrical permit 3 4. 4 if required by the terms of the Town's building and technical codes. 5 F. Properly completed applications shall be processed by the Local Licensing 6 Authority in order of receipt. 7 G. At all times during the application process the applicant has the burden of 8 establishing it is entitled to the license that is applied for. 9 H. Pursuant to Section 16(5)(e) of Amendment 64Article XVIII of the Colorado 10 Constitution the Local Licensing Authority is designated as the entity that is responsible for processing applications submitted for a license to operate a retail 11 12 marijuana establishment within the Town and for the issuance of such licenses should the issuance by the Town become necessary because of a failure by the 13 Colorado Department of Revenue, Marijuana Enforcement Division, to adopt 14 15 regulations pursuant to Section 16(5)(a) of Amendment 64Article XVIII of the Colorado Constitution, or because of the failure of the Colorado Department of 16 17 Revenue, Marijuana Enforcement Division, to process and issue licenses as 18 required by Section 16(5)(g) of Amendment 64Article XVIII of the Colorado 19 Constitution. 20 4-14-9: FEES: 21 22 A. when the application is filed. The purpose of the fee is to cover the direct and 23 24 indirect costs to the Town of administering the local licensing mechanism 25
 - An applicant for a new license shall pay to the Town a non-refundable operating fee established by this Chapter. For applications filed in 2013 the operating fees are as follows:
 - 1. New medical marijuana business license:

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Type of License	Local Operating fee
Type 1 Medical Marijuana Center	\$2,812.50
Type 2 Medical Marijuana Center	\$6,562.50
Type 3 Medical Marijuana Center	\$10,500.00

2. Medical marijuana center applying for retail marijuana store license:

License

Type of License	Local Operating fee
Medical Marijuana Center 1 Applying For Retail Marijuana Store License	\$2,812.50
Medical Marijuana Center 2 Applying For Retail Marijuana Store License	\$6,562.50
Medical Marijuana Center 3 Applying For Retail Marijuana Store License	\$10,500.00

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3. New retail marijuana establishment license (not an existing medical or marijuana business):

Type of License	Local application Operating Fee
Retail Store	\$2,062.50
Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility	\$2,062.50
Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturing	\$2,062.50

Retail Marijuana	IN/A
Testing Facility	

1 2

B. Fees for the annual renewal of any license issued by the Town shall be fifty percent of the fee for the issuance of a new license as described in Subsection A of this Section.

C. The following administrative service/operating fees shall be paid to Town at the time the service is requested:

Service Requested	Fee
Change Transfer of Ownership of Business License or Application	\$250.00
Corporation or LLC Structure Change (per person)	\$100.00
Change of Location	\$500.00
Modification of Premises	\$150.00

- D. The Town is entitled to receive its share of the license application fees received by the State Licensing Authority pursuant to Amendment 64Section 16 of Article XVIII of the Colorado Constitution and the Retail Marijuana Code.
- E. If an application is submitted to the Town pursuant to Section 16(5)(i) of Amendment 64, it shall be accompanied by the full amount of the application fee required by the Colorado Retail Marijuana Code. The Town shall retain all application fees paid to it pursuant to Section 16(5)(i) of Amendment 64.
- F.E. At least annually, the amount of fees charged by the Town pursuant to this Section shall be reviewed and, if necessary, adjusted as provided in Subsection GF to reflect the direct and indirect costs incurred by the Town in connection with the adoption, administration, and enforcement of this Chapter.
- G.F. Beginning with the fiscal 2014 budget, the amount of the fees charged by the Town pursuant to this Section shall be fixed by the Town Council as part of its annual budget process. If, for any reason, such fees are not fixed by the Town

¹ The Local Licensing Authority is not authorized to issue a local Retail Marijuana Testing Facility License. See Section 4-14-8(B).

1 2		Council as part of its annual budget process, the fees for the preceding year shall continue in full force and effect until changed by the Town Council.
3	4-14-10: INV	ESTIGATION OF APPLICATION:
4 5 6 7 8	A.	Upon receipt of a properly completed application, together with all information required in connection therewith, and the payment of the applicable fee as required by Section 4-14-9, the Local Licensing Authority shall transmit copies of the application to:
9		1. the Police Department;
10		2. the Department of Community Development; and
11 12 13		3. any other person or agency which the Local Licensing Authority or the Municipal Services Office determines should properly investigate and comment upon the application.
14 15	В.	Upon receipt of a completed application the Police Department shall promptly obtain and review a criminal background records search on the applicant.
16 17 18 19	C.	Within twenty days of receipt of a completed application those Town departments and other referral agencies described in Subsection A of this Section shall provide the Local Licensing Authority with comments concerning the application.
20 21	D.	An applicant shall cooperate with the Local Licensing Authority with respect to the review and investigation of the application.
22 23 24 25 26	Authority may protect the pub Chapter, the ap	HORITY TO IMPOSE CONDITIONS ON LICENSE: The Local Licensing impose such reasonable terms and conditions on a license as may be necessary to lic health, safety, and welfare, and obtain compliance with the requirements of this plicable code, the applicable state administrative regulations applicable regulations, and other applicable law.
27 28	4-14-12: DEC	ISION BY LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY:
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36		The Local Licensing Authority shall approve, deny, or conditionally approve an application within ninety (90) days of receipt of a completed the date of the approval of the applicant's state license application; provided, however, the deadline for deciding an application may be extended by the Local Licensing Authority for up to an additional sixty (60) days if the Local Licensing Authority reasonably determines that it is necessary for the applicant to submit additional information in order for the Local Licensing Authority to complete the

1 2		additional information requested by the Local Licensing Authority.
3	B.	No public hearing is required to be held in connection with an application.
4 5 6	C.	The Local Licensing Authority shall issue a license under this Chapter when, from a consideration of the application, the investigation, and such other information as may otherwise be obtained, the Local Licensing Authority determines that:
7 8 9 10		1. The application (including any required attachments and submissions) is complete and signed by the applicant, and the applicant has provided any additional information concerning the application requested by the Local Licensing Authority;
11 12		2. The applicant has paid the applicable operating fee and any other fees required by Section 4-14-9;
13		3. The application does not contain a material falsehood or misrepresentation;
14 15 16		4. The application complies with all of the requirements of this Chapter, the applicable code, and the applicable state administrative regulations applicable administrative regulations; and
17 18		5. The applicant holds a valid state license for the licensed premises of the same class as has been applied for under this Chapter.
19 20	D.	The Local Licensing Authority shall deny an application for a license under this Chapter if it determines that:
21 22 23		1. The application is incomplete, or the applicant has failed to provide any additional information about the application requested by the Local Licensing Authority;
24 25 26		2. Information contained in the application, or supplemental information requested from the applicant contains a material falsehood or misrepresentation;
27 28 29		3. The application does not comply with all of the requirements of this Chapter, the applicable code, and the applicable state administrative regulations or
30 31		4. The applicant does not hold a valid state license for the licensed premises of the same class as has been applied for under this Chapter
32 33	Е.	If an application is denied, the Local Licensing Authority shall clearly set forth in writing the grounds for denial.

1 F. If the application is conditionally approved, the Local Licensing Authority shall 2 clearly set forth in writing the conditions of approval. 3 G. If an application is denied the operating fee paid to the Town at the time of the 4 filing of the application shall not be refunded. 5 4-14-13: APPEAL OF DENIAL OR CONDITIONAL APPROVAL OF LICENSE: Any decision made by the Local Licensing Authority pursuant to Section 4-14-12 is a final decision and may be 6 7 appealed to the district court pursuant to Rule 106(a)(4) of the Colorado Rules of Civil Procedure. 8 The applicant's failure to timely appeal the decision is a waiver the applicant's right to contest the 9 denial or conditional approval of the application. 10 11 4-14-14: INSPECTION OF PREMISES: In addition to the inspection required by the applicable 12 code or other applicable law, prior to the issuance of a license the premises proposed to be licensed shall be inspected by the Building Official to determine compliance with the Town's building and 13 14 technical Codes. No license shall be issued if the proposed licensed premises does not comply with the Town's building and technical codes. Throughout the term of the license the Building Official 15 may inspect the licensed premises to determine continuing compliance with the Town's building 16 17 and technical codes. Access to such premises shall be obtained by the Building Official in accordance with the applicable provisions of such codes or other applicable law. 18 19 20 4-14-15: TERM OF LICENSE; RENEWAL: 21 22 Each license issued pursuant to this Chapter shall be valid for one year from the A. 23 date of issuance, and may be renewed as provided in the applicable code, the 24 applicable state administrative regulations applicable administrative regulations, 25 and this Chapter; provided, however, that a license shall not be renewed if the Local Licensing Authority determines that the licensed premises have been 26 27 inactive, without good cause, for at least one year. 28 В. The Local Licensing Authority may refuse to renew a license for good cause. 29 No license for a medical marijuana business shall be renewed by the Local 30 Licensing Authority until the licensee provides verification that a license was issued and granted by the State Licensing Authority pursuant to the Colorado 31 Medical Marijuana Code for the previous license term. 32 33 Notwithstanding anything contained in this Chapter to the contrary, a licensee has 34 no vested right to the renewal of a license, and no property right in the renewal of a 35 license

4-14-16: NOTICE OF ISSUANCE OF LICENSE: Immediately upon the issuance of a license, the

Local Licensing Authority shall send a copy of the license to:

The Police Department;

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A.

1	В.	The Community Development Department;
2	C.	The Town Clerk;
3	D.	The Director of Financial Services; and
4	E.	Any other person as determined by the Local Licensing Authority.
5	4-14-17: DUT	TIES OF LICENSEE: It is the duty and obligation of each licensee to:
6 7 8 9	A.	Comply with all of the terms and conditions of the license, and any special conditions on the license imposed by the Local Licensing Authority pursuant to Section 4-14-11;
10	B.	Comply with all of the requirements of this Chapter;
11	C.	Comply with all other applicable Town ordinances;
12 13 14	D.	Comply with all applicable state laws and administrative regulations pertaining to the category of business for which the license was issued, including, but not limited to:
15		1. the applicable code;
16 17		2. the applicable state administrative regulations applicable administrative regulations;
18		3. Sections 18-18-406.3 and 25-1.5-106, C.R.S., to the extent applicable; and
19 20		4. the administrative regulations issued by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment found at 5 CCR 1006-2, to the extent applicable,
21 22 23		all as amended from time to time. Compliance with the requirements of this Section is a standard condition of each license issued by the Local Licensing Authority.
24	E.	Comply with all applicable federal laws, rules, or regulations.
25 26	4-14-18: SUS	PENSION OR REVOCATION OF LICENSE:
27 28 29	A.	A license issued by the Local Licensing Authority may be suspended or revoked by the Local Licensing Authority in accordance with the standards and procedures set forth in the applicable code, the state applicable administrative regulations, and this Chapter

1 2 3 4 5	В.	In addition to the standards set forth in the applicable code and the state applicable administrative regulations, a violation of this Chapter, or of the terms and conditions of a license issued by the Local Licensing Authority pursuant to this Chapter, may be grounds for the suspension or revocation of a license issued by the Local Licensing Authority.	
6 7	C.	In connection with the suspension of a license, the Local Licensing Authority may impose reasonable conditions.	
8 9 10	D.	In deciding whether a license should be suspended or revoked, and in deciding what conditions to impose in the event of a suspension, if any, the Local Licensing Authority shall consider:	
11		1. the nature and seriousness of the violation;	
12		2. corrective action, if any, taken by the licensee;	
13		3. prior violation(s), if any, by the licensee;	
14		4. the likelihood of recurrence;	
15		5. all circumstances surrounding the violation;	
16		6. whether the violation was willful or deliberate;	
17		7. the number of previous violations by the licensee;	
18		8. previous sanctions, if any, imposed against the licensee; and	
19 20		9. whether the owner or manager is the violator or has directed an employee or other individual to violate the law.	
21 22 23 24	E.	If an offense is described in the applicable state administrative regulations applicable administrative regulations, the Licensing Authority shall follow the provisions of such regulation in deciding the appropriate sanction to be imposed upon the licensee.	
25 26 27	F.	A license issued by the Local Licensing Authority may be revoked if the Local Licensing Authority determines that the licensed premises have been inactive, without good cause, for at least one year.	
28 29 30 31 32	G.	If the Local Licensing Authority suspends or revokes a license the licensee may appeal the suspension or revocation to the district court pursuant to Rule 106(a)(4) of the Colorado Rules of Civil Procedure. The licensee's failure to timely appeal the decision is a waiver the licensee's right to contest the denial or conditional approval of the application	

1 2	Н.	No fee previously paid by a licensee in connection with the application shall be refunded if the licensee's license is suspended or revoked.
3 4 5	4-14-19: TRA	NSFER OF OWNERSHIP; CHANGE OF LOCATION; MODIFICATION S:
6 7 8 9 10	A.	Subject to the limitations of Subsections B <u>orand</u> C of this Section- <u>and Section</u> 4-4-8(D), the ownership of a license may be transferred, the permanent location of a licensed premises may be changed, and the licensed premises may be modified in accordance with the applicable code, the <u>applicable state</u> <u>administrative regulations</u> and this Chapter.
11 12 13	В.	No change of location of a licensed premises shall be approved by the Local Licensing Authority if the proposed new location of the licensed premises is not a location that is permitted by this Chapter.
14 15 16 17	C.	No change of location for a medical marijuana business shall be approved by the Local Licensing Authority until the licensee provides verification that a license was issued and granted by the State Licensing Authority pursuant to the Colorado Medical Marijuana Code for the previous license term.
18	D.	On or after the effective date of this Chapter:
19 20 21		1. the permanent location of a licensed premises shall not be changed from one location within the Downtown Overlay District to another location within the Downtown Overlay District; and
22 23 24		2. the permanent location of a licensed premises shall not be changed so as to relocate the licensed premises into the Downtown Overlay District from a location outside of the Downtown Overlay District.; and
25 26 27 28		3. the permanent location of a licensed premises within the Downtown Overlay District shall be changed to another location outside of the Downtown Overlay District if the licensee's legal right to possession of the licensed premises is lost for any reason.
29 30 31 32 33		The licensed premises may be modified in accordance with the applicable code, the applicable state administrative regulations applicable administrative regulations, and this Chapter; provided, however, that no licensed premises located within the Downtown Overlay District as of the effective date of this Chapter may be modified to increase the square footage of such licensed premises.
34 35 36	EXISTING LIG	BER OF LICENSES AUTHORIZED CONSIDERATION OF NUMBER OF CENSES: Before entering a decision approving or denying an application the Local nority shall consider, among the other relevant factors described in the applicable

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codes, the number, type, and availability of medical marijuana businesses and retail marijuana establishments located in or near the premises for which the application has been submitted.

A. The total number of licenses of each type that may be issued by the Local Licensing Authority under this Chapter are as follows:

License Type	Maximum No. of Licenses
Medical marijuana center (Total of Types 1, 2, & 3 licenses)	7
Optional premises cultivation operation	7
Medical marijuana infused product manufacturing facility	7
Retail marijuana store	7
Retail marijuana cultivation facility	7
Retail marijuana products manufacturer	7
Retail marijuana testing facility	02

B. A dual medical marijuana center and a retail marijuana store counts under both the "medical marijuana center" and the "retail marijuana store" categories.

C.

D. A retail marijuana cultivation facility that is located at the same licensed premises as retail marijuana store counts under both the "retail marijuana cultivation facility" and the "retail marijuana store" categories.

E.

² The Local Licensing Authority is not authorized to issue a local Retail Marijuana Testing Facility License. See Section 4-14-8(B).

1	F.	Except as provided in subsections B and C of this Section, the Local Licensing
2		Authority shall not issue more licenses of any license type than the number of
3		licenses provided in this Section.
4	G.	_
5	H.	The limitations of Subsection A of this Section do not require the closure of any
6		business for which a license has been issued prior to the effective date of this
7		Chapter, and such business may continue in operation until the first to occur of:
8		(i) the license is revoked by the Local Licensing Authority or the State Licensing
9		Authority; (ii) the license is abandoned, voluntarily surrendered, or not renewed
10		by the licensee; or (iii) the business is otherwise required to close for any lawful
11		reason.
12	I.	If the total number of Town-issued licenses of any type ever drops below the
13		maximum numbers established in Subsection A of this Section, the Local
14		Licensing Authority shall conduct a random drawing of applications for a new
15		license of the same type submitted by qualified applicants, and shall award the
16		license to the winner of the drawing. If more than one license of the same type is
17		available to be awarded, the Local Licensing Authority shall award such licenses
18		as may be required to bring the total number of licenses to the maximum number
19		for such type of license established in Subsection A of this Section. To be
20		permitted to participate in the drawing an applicant must have: (i) submitted a
21		completed application and all accompanying documentation; (ii) paid all required
22		fees; and (iii) been determined by the Local Licensing Authority to be qualified to
23		hold the type of license to be awarded. In determining whether an applicant is
24		qualified to hold the type of license to be awarded the Local Licensing Authority
25		shall consider, without limitation, the factors set forth in Section (5)(b) of
26		Amendment 64. The Local Licensing Authority may establish further rules and
27		regulations for the administration of the required random drawing by
28		administrative rule and regulation adopted pursuant to Section 4-16-32. Such
29		rules and regulations shall be consistent with the requirements of this Section.
30	4-14-21: LOCA	ATION OF LICENSED PREMISES; CO-LOCATION:
31		
32	A.	No medical marijuana business or retail marijuana establishment shall be located
33		at a location that does not conform to the requirements of this Section.
34	A.	_No medical marijuana business or retail marijuana establishment shall be located
35	<u> </u>	within the Town except within Land Use Districts 5, 9, 11,19, 20, or 31, or the
36		Downtown Overlay District.
37	<u>B.</u>	Notwithstanding Subsection B of this Section any licensed premises that are
38		lawfully located within the Downtown Overlay District as of this effective date of
39		this Chapter may remain in such location until the first to occur of:

1 2 3 4 5	1. ; provided, however, that except as provided in subsections H and I, no new medical marijuana business or retail marijuana establishment first licensed on or after the effective date of this Chapter shall be located in the Downtown Overlay District.the licensee loses legal right to possession of the licensed premises for any reason; or
6	2. September 1, 2014.
7 8 9	Upon the first to occur of item (i) or item (2) of this Subsection B, the licensed premises shall be permanently closed, but may be relocated to a location outside of the Downtown Overlay District in accordance with Section 4-14-19
10 11 12	B.C. In addition to the restriction imposed by Subsection B of this Section, no medical marijuana business or retail marijuana establishment shall be located:
13	1. within 500 feet of a licensed child care facility;
14 15	2. within 500 feet of any educational institution or school, college or university, either public or private;
16	3. within 500 feet of any halfway house;
17 18 19	4. adjacent to property being used for a residential use; provided, however, this restriction does not apply to an adjacent mixed use building containing both residential and commercial units;
20	5. within any building or structure that contains a residential unit;
21	6. on the ground floor, if located within the Downtown Overlay District; or
22 23	7. on any floor immediately above and below the sidewalk fronting at street level of any split level structure within the Downtown Overlay District.
24 25 26 27 28	C.D. The distances described in Subsection CD of this Section shall be computed by direct measurement from the nearest property line of the existing land use described in subsections (CD)(1), (CD)(2), or (CD)(3), above, to the nearest portion of the building for which the license is requested, using a route of direct pedestrian access.
29 30 31	D.E. The distance limitations established by Subsection CD of this Section shall control over the distance limitations set forth in any applicable code or applicable administrative regulation.
32 33	E.F. Nothing in this Chapter prevents a licensee from physically delivering medical marijuana to a homebound patient when done in compliance with the Colorado

1 2		Medical Marijuana Code and the applicable state administrative regulations applicable administrative regulations.
3	F. <u>G.</u>	No licensed premises shall be operated as a "home occupation" as described in Section 9-1-19-38A of this Code.
5 6 7 8 9	G.	If a medical marijuana business that is located within the Downtown Overlay District as of the effective date of this Chapter is converted to a retail marijuana establishment, the licensed premises must relocated to a location outside of the Downtown Overlay District if the square footage of the licensed premises is increased.
10 11 12 13 14 15 16	H.	—A medical marijuana business may be located at the same location as a retail marijuana establishment subject to the requirements of the applicable code and the applicable state administrative regulations applicable administrative regulations. However, a medical marijuana business that is located within the Downtown Overlay District as of the effective date of this Chapter may be co-located with a new retail marijuana establishment at its current location only if the square footage of the licensed premises is not increased.
17	<u>H.</u>	
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	shall close no la sold or dispense pursuant to this 4-14-23: SIGN Chapter 2 of Ti	RS OF OPERATION: A licensed premises may open no earlier than 8 A.M. and atter than 10 P.M. the same day, Monday through Sunday. No marijuana shall be ed at a licensed premises when the licensed premises is are required to be closed Section. [AGE: All signage for a licensed premises shall comply with the requirements of the 8 of this Code. In addition, no licensee shall display a sign for a licensed ontains the word "marijuana" or a graphic/image of any portion of a marijuana
27 28 29 30 31	4-14-24: MARI marijuana store only to persons	JUANA ACCESSORIES: Marijuana accessories may lawfully be sold at a retail or a medical marijuana center. Such items shall be sold at a retail marijuana store authorized by law to purchase retail marijuana, and at a medical marijuana center authorized to purchase medical marijuana.
32 33 34 35 36 37	cultivation, or pallowed by the premises is are	ITE CULTIVATION, GROWING AND PROCESSING: <u>t</u> The growing, processing of marijuana on or within a licensed premises is prohibited unless <u>applicable codes and applicable administrative</u> regulations, <u>and</u> the licensed equipped with a proper ventilation system that filters out the odor of marijuana so not capable of being detected by a person with a normal sense of smell at the

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exterior of the licensed premises.

1 4-14-26: DISPLAY OF MARIJUANA: No marijuana shall be displayed within a licensed 2 premises so as to be visible through a glass, a window, or a door by a person of normal visual 3 acuity standing at the outside perimeter of the licensed premises. 4 5 4-14-27: TAXES: Each licensee shall collect and remit to the appropriate taxing authority all sales 6 and excise taxes that are lawfully due in accordance with applicable law. 7 8 4-14-28: WAREHOUSE STORAGE PERMITS: The Local Licensing Authority is authorized to 9 give the Town's consent to the state's issuance of a warehouse storage permit pursuant to any 10 applicable state administrative regulation. 11 12 4-14-29: VIOLATIONS; PENALTIES; INJUNCTIVE RELIEF: 13 14 A. It is unlawful and a civil infraction for any person to violate any provision of this 15 Chapter. Any person found to be in violation of this Chapter, or against whom a 16 default judgment has been entered for a violation of this Chapter, shall be punished as provided in Section 1-4-1-1 of this Code. 17 18 It is unlawful and a misdemeanor offense for any person to violate any of the В. 19 misdemeanor offenses described in Part 9 of the Colorado Medical Marijuana 20 Code, or in Part 9 of the Colorado Retail Marijuana Code. Any person convicted of any of the misdemeanor offenses described in Part 9 of the Colorado Medical 21 Marijuana Code or in Part 9 of the Colorado Retail Marijuana Code shall be 22 punished as provided in Section 1-4-1 this Code. 23 24 C. The operation of a medical marijuana business or retail marijuana establishment 25 in violation of this Chapter, the applicable code, or the applicable state administrative regulations may be enjoined by the Town in an action brought in a 26 27 court of competent jurisdiction. 28 D. If any action is brought in a court of law by any person concerning the enforcement, interpretation, or construction of this Chapter, or any license issued 29 30 by the Local Licensing Authority, the Town shall recover its reasonable attorney 31 fees, expert witness fees, and court costs if it is the prevailing party. 32 E. The remedies provided in this Section are in addition to any other remedy

38 clients, or customers, for a violation of any state or federal law, rule or regulation related to retail

provided by applicable law.

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marijuana or medical marijuana, or from the forced closure of the licensed premises because the

4-14-30: NO TOWN LIABILITY: By operating a business pursuant to a license issued by the

Local Licensing Authority a licensee releases the Town, its officers, elected officials, employees,

attorneys, and agents from any liability for injuries, damages, or liabilities of any kind that result from any arrest or prosecution of the licensee, or the licensee's owners, operators, employees,

2 3	•	regulation, and/or this Chapter, are found to be invalid under any superior law.
4 5 6 7		IER LAWS REMAIN APPLICABLE: Before issuing a license the Local Licensing lobtain written confirmation from the licensee that the licensee understands and ollowing:
8 9 10 11 12	A.	Neither this Chapter, nor the act of obtaining a license from the Local Licensing Authority, protects licensees, or the owners, operators, employees, customers, and clients of a licensed premises, from criminal prosecution pursuant to any superior law that prohibits the cultivation, sale, use, or possession of controlled substances, including, but not limited to, medical marijuana and retail marijuana.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	В.	As of the date of the adoption of this Chapter the cultivation, sale, possession, distribution, and use of marijuana remains a violation of federal law, and this Chapter affords licensees, and licensee's owners, operators, employees, customers, and clients, with no protection from criminal prosecution under such law. Licensees, and their owners, operators, employees, customers, and clients assume any and all risk and liability arising or resulting from the operation of the licensed premises under federal law.
20 21 22 23 24 25	C.	The Town has no liability to a licensee or any other person for injuries, damages, or liabilities of any kind, under any legal theory of liability, arising from the forced closure of the licensed premises if the Colorado Medical Marijuana Code, the Colorado Retail Marijuana Code, the state-applicable administrative regulations, and/or this Chapter are found to be invalid or illegal under any superior law.
26 27 28 29	D.	To the greatest extent permitted by law, any action taken under the provisions of this Chapter by any public officer or officers, elected or appointed officials, employees, attorneys, and agents of the Town of Breckenridge, is not a personal liability of such person or of the Town.
30 31 32 33	adopt, amend, proper admini	LES AND REGULATIONS: The Local Licensing Authority may from time to time alter, and repeal administrative rules and regulations as may be necessary for the stration of this Chapter. Such regulations shall be adopted in accordance with the ablished by Chapter 18, Title 1 of this Code.
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35	4-14-33: EFF	ECTIVE DATE: This Chapter is effective October 1, 2013.
36 37	and the variou	<u>Section 2</u> . Except as specifically amended hereby, the <u>Breckenridge Town Code</u> , s secondary codes adopted by reference therein, continue in full force and effect.

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2	Section 3. If any section, paragraph, sentence, clause, or phrase of this ordinance is for any
3	reason held to be unconstitutional or otherwise invalid or ineffective by the final, nonappealable
4	order or judgment of any court of competent jurisdiction, such decision shall not affect the validity
5	or effectiveness of the remaining portions of this ordinance. The Town Council hereby declares
6	that it would have adopted each section, paragraph, sentence, clause and phrase of this ordinance
7	irrespective of the fact that any one or more sections, paragraphs, sentences, clauses or phrases
8	may be declared unconstitutional, invalid or ineffective.
9	
10	<u>Section 4</u> . This ordinance shall be published and become effective as provided by Section
11	5.9 of the <u>Breckenridge Town Charter</u> .
12	NUTE OF LIGHT DE LE ON ENDER DE LEDING LEDE ONES LA DESCRIPTION
13	INTRODUCED, READ ON FIRST READING, APPROVED AND ORDERED
14	PUBLISHED IN FULL this day of,2013. A Public Hearing shall be held at the
15	regular meeting of the Town Council of the Town of Breckenridge, Colorado on the day of
16	, 2013, at 7:30 P.M., or as soon thereafter as possible in the Municipal Building of the Town.
17 18	TOWN OF BRECKENRIDGE, a Colorado
10 19	municipal corporation
20	municipal corporation
22	Rv
23	By John G. Warner, Mayor
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25	ATTEST:
21 22 23 24 25 26	
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29	Helen Cospolich, Town Clerk
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33 34	000 17412012 M
) +	900-164\2013 Marijuana Licensing Ordinance (Second Reading)(Blacklined vs. First Reading) (08-30-13)

MEMO

TO: Town Council

FROM: Town Attorney

RE: Council Bill No. 35 (Value-Based Municipal Offense Ordinance)

DATE: September 3, 2013 (for September 10th meeting)

The second reading of the ordinance that increases the cap on certain "value-based" municipal offenses that can be prosecuted in the Town's municipal court from 1,000 to 2,000 is scheduled for your meeting on September 10^{th} .

A "value-based" municipal offense is one that is dependent on the value of the property that is involved in the criminal act. For example, if property is stolen the classification of the crime is based on the value of the property that is stolen.

Under Colorado law, municipalities cannot make a municipal offense out of an act that is classified as a felony under state law. Felonies must be prosecuted in the state court system. A new state law sets the threshold for value-based felony crimes at \$2,000 or more. As a result of this change, value-based crimes involving property with a value of **less** than \$2,000 are now classified as misdemeanor offenses, and can be made municipal offenses and prosecuted in the municipal court.

By taking advantage of the new legislation the Town can prosecute in the municipal court value-based crimes (such as theft) involving property with a value of up to \$2,000, instead of the \$1,000 value cap that currently exists. Staff believes it would be in the Town's best interest to be able to prosecute value-based crimes of up to \$2,000 in the Town's municipal court, and supports the adoption of this ordinance.

There are no changes proposed to ordinance from first reading.

I will be happy to discuss this matter with you on Tuesday.

FOR WORKSESSION/SECOND READING – SEPT. 10 1 2 NO CHANGE FROM FIRST READING 3 4 5 Additions To The Current Breckenridge Town Code Are 6 Indicated By **Bold + Double Underline**; Deletions By Strikeout 7 8 COUNCIL BILL NO.35 9 10 Series 2013 11 12 AN ORDINANCE AMENDING CHAPTER 3 OF TITLE 6 OF THE BRECKENRIDGE 13 TOWN CODE CONCERNING CERTAIN VALUE-BASED MUNICIPAL OFFENSES 14 15 WHEREAS, HB13-1160, which became effective June 5, 2013, authorizes municipalities to increase the monetary limits of certain of their value-based counterpart misdemeanor 16 17 municipal crimes from One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) to Two Thousand Dollars 18 (\$2,000.00); and 19 20 WHEREAS, the Town Council of the Town of Breckenridge desires to amend those 21 portions of Chapter 3 of Title 6 of the Breckenridge Town Code which deal with certain value-22 based misdemeanor municipal offenses so as to reflect the increase in the misdemeanor monetary 23 limits made by HB13-1160. 24 25 NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF 26 BRECKENRIDGE, COLORADO: 27 28 Section 1. Subsection E of Section 6-3B-1 of the Breckenridge Town Code, entitled 29 "Theft", is amended so as to read in its entirety as follows: 30 31 E. Where the value of the thing involved is less than one two thousand dollars 32 (\$1,000.00)(\$2,000.00). 33 34 Section 2. Section 6-3B-1A of the Breckenridge Town Code, entitled "Theft By 35 Receiving", is amended so as to read in its entirety as follows: 36 37 6-3B-1A: THEFT BY RECEIVING: 38 39 A person commits theft by receiving when he receives, retains, loans money by 40 pawn or pledge on, or disposes of anything of value of another, knowing or believing that said thing of value has been stolen, and when he intends to deprive 41 42 the lawful owner permanently of the use or benefit of the thing of value, provided 43 the value of the thing is less one two thousand dollars (\$1,000.00)(\$2,000.00).

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<u>Section 3</u>. Subsections A and B of Section 6-3B-2 of the <u>Breckenridge Town Code</u>, pertaining to the municipal offense of "Shoplifting", are amended so as to read in their entirety as follows:

A. Prohibited: It shall be unlawful to commit the crime of shoplifting. A person commits the crime of shoplifting when he knowingly takes possession of any unpurchased goods, wares or merchandise of a value of less than one two thousand dollars (\$1,000.00)(\$2,000.00), owned or held by and offered or displayed for sale by any store or mercantile establishment, with the intention of converting such goods, wares or merchandise to his own use, without paying the purchase price thereof.

B. Concealment of Goods: If any person willfully conceals unpurchased goods, wares or merchandise of value of less than one two thousand dollars (\$1,000.00)(\$2,000.00) owned or held by and offered or displayed for sale by any store or other mercantile establishment, such concealment constitutes prima facie evidence that the person intended to convert the same to his own use without paying the purchase price therefor within the meaning of subsection A above.

Section 4. Section 6-3B-3 of the Breckenridge Town Code, entitled "Price Switching", is amended so as to read in its entirety as follows:

6-3B-3: PRICE SWITCHING:

It is unlawful for any person to willfully alter, remove or switch the indicated price of any unpurchased goods, wares or merchandise owned by any store or other mercantile establishment; provided, however, that this Section shall not apply to goods, wares or merchandise of a value of one two thousand dollars (\$1,00.00**2,000.00**) or more.

Section 5. Subsection B of Section 6-3B-4 of the Breckenridge Town Code, entitled "Procuring Food or Accommodations With Intent To Defraud", is amended so as to read in its entirety as follows:

B. This Section shall not apply if the total amount due under the agreement one **two** thousand dollars (\$1,000.00)(\$2,000.00) or more.

Section 6. Subsections C(1) and C(2) of Section 6-3B-6 of the Breckenridge Town Code, pertaining to the municipal offense of "Fraud By Check", are amended so as to read in their entirety as follows:

1. The check alleged to be fraudulent was for the sum of one two thousand dollars (\$1,000.00)(\$2,000.00) or more; or

1 2 3	2. The person has committed fraud by check involving the issuance of two (2) or more checks within any sixty (60) day period in the State totaling one <u>two</u> thousand dollars (\$1,000.00)(\$2,000.00) or more in the aggregate; or
4 5 6 7	<u>Section 7</u> . Subsection C of Section 6-3B-7 of the <u>Breckenridge Town Code</u> , pertaining to the municipal offense of "Fraudulent Use of Credit Device", is amended so as to read in its entirety as follows:
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9	C. If the total value of property or services obtained by the fraudulent use of a
10	single credit device within a six (6) month period is one two thousand dollars
11	(\$1,000.00)(\$2,000.00) or more, then this Section does not apply.
12	
13	Section 8. Section 6-3B-14 of the Breckenridge Town Code, entitled "Damage To
14	Private Property", is amended so as to read in its entirety as follows:
15	
16	6-3B-14: DAMAGE TO PRIVATE PROPERTY:
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18	It shall be unlawful for any person intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly to
19	injure, deface, destroy, or sever in any manner any real or personal property, or
20	improvements thereto, of any other person in this Town where the aggregate
21 22	damage is less than one $\underline{\text{two}}$ thousand dollars $(\$1,000.00)(\$2,000.00)$.
23	Section 9. Section 6-3B-15 of the Breckenridge Town Code, entitled "Damage To Town
24	Property", is amended so as to read in its entirety as follows:
25	rioperty, is amended so as to read in its entirety as ionows.
26	6-3B-15: DAMAGE TO TOWN PROPERTY:
	0-3D-13. DAMAGE TO TOWN PROPERTY.
27 28	It shall be unlawful for any person intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly to
29	injure, deface, destroy or sever in any manner any real or personal property, or
30	improvements thereto, belonging to the Town where the aggregate damage is less
31	than one two thousand dollars (\$1,000.00)(\$2,000.00).
32	than one <u>two</u> thousand donars (\$1,000.00)(\$2,000.00) .
	Section 10 Section 6 20 5 of the Prestrangidge Town Code antitled "Injury Or
33	Section 10. Section 6-3C-5 of the <u>Breckenridge Town Code</u> , entitled, "Injury Or
34	Removal Of Signs", is amended so as to read in its entirety as follows:
35	CAG & BUILDIN OD DEMONAL OF GIONG
36	6-3C-5: INJURY OR REMOVAL OF SIGNS:
37	
38	It is hereby unlawful for any unauthorized person to willfully remove, deface,
39	injure, damage or destroy any street sign, or traffic-control or warning sign,
40	barricade, or device erected or placed in or adjacent to any street. It is further
41	provided that this Section shall not apply when the aggregate damage to such
42	street sign, barricade, or traffic-control or warning device is one two thousand
43	dollars (\$1,000.00)(\$2,000.00) or more.

1	Section 11. Except as specifically amended by this ordinance, the Breckenridge Town
2	<u>Code</u> , and the various secondary codes adopted by reference therein, shall continue in full force
3	and effect.
4	
5	Section 12. The Town Council finds, determines and declares that this Ordinance is
6	necessary and proper to provide for the safety, preserve the health, promote the prosperity, and
7	improve the order, comfort and convenience of the Town of Breckenridge and the inhabitants
8	thereof.
9	thereor.
10	Section 12. The Tayer Council finds determines and declares that it has the payer to
	Section 13. The Town Council finds, determines and declares that it has the power to
11	adopt this ordinance pursuant to: (i) HB13-1160; (ii) Section 31-15-103, C.R.S. (concerning
12	municipal police powers); (iii) Section 31-15-401, C.R.S.(concerning municipal police powers);
13	(iv) the authority granted to home rule municipalities by Article XX of the Colorado
14	Constitution; and (v) the powers contained in the <u>Breckenridge Town Charter</u> .
15	
16	Section 14. This ordinance shall be published and become effective as provided by
17	Section 5.9 of the <u>Breckenridge Town Charter</u> .
18	
19	INTRODUCED, READ ON FIRST READING, APPROVED AND ORDERED
20	PUBLISHED IN FULL this day of, 2013. A Public Hearing shall be
21	held at the regular meeting of the Town Council of the Town of Breckenridge, Colorado on the
22	day of, 2013, at 7:30 P.M., or as soon thereafter as possible in the
23	Municipal Building of the Town.
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26	TOWN OF BRECKENRIDGE, a Colorado
27	municipal corporation
28	mamorpar corporation
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30	
31	By
32	By John G. Warner, Mayor
33	John G. Warner, Mayor
	ATTECT.
34	ATTEST:
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39	Helen Cospolich
40	Town Clerk
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43	
44	
45	500-346\2013 Theft. Ordinance_2 (09-03-13)(Second Reading)

MEMO

TO: Town Council

FROM: Town Attorney

RE: Council Bill No. 36 (Approving Lease with Beartown LLC)

DATE: September 3, 2013 (for September 10th meeting)

The second reading of the ordinance approving the new Lease with Beartown LLC is scheduled for your meeting on September 10th. There are no changes proposed to either the ordinance or the Lease from first reading.

I will be happy to discuss this matter with you on Tuesday.

FOR WORKSESSION/SECOND READING – SEPT. 10 1 2 NO CHANGE FROM FIRST READING 3 4 5 COUNCIL BILL NO. 36 6 7 Series 2013 8 9 AN ORDINANCE APPROVING A LONG-TERM LEASE WITH BEARTOWN LLC, A 10 COLORADO LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY 11 12 WHEREAS, the Town of Breckenridge owns the real property commonly known and 13 described as 13217 Colorado Highway 9 in Breckenridge, Colorado; and 14 15 WHEREAS, the Town Council has agreed to enter into a long-term lease for the Town's 16 property with Beartown LLC, a Colorado limited liability company; and 17 18 WHEREAS, a proposed Lease has been prepared by the Town Attorney and reviewed by 19 the Town Council; and 20 21 WHEREAS, Section 15.4 of the Breckenridge Town Charter provides: 22 23 The council may lease, for such time as council shall determine, any real or 24 personal property to or from any person, firm, corporation, public and private, 25 governmental or otherwise. 26 27 and: 28 29 WHEREAS, the term of the proposed Lease exceeds one year in length; and 30 31 WHEREAS, Section 1-11-4 of the Breckenridge Town Code requires that any real estate 32 lease entered into by the Town that exceeds one year in length must be approved by ordinance. 33 34 NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF 35 BRECKENRIDGE, COLORADO: 36 37 Section 1. The Lease between the Town and Beartown LLC, a Colorado limited liability company, a copy of which is marked **Exhibit "A"**, attached hereto and incorporated herein by 38 39 reference, is approved, and the Town Manager is authorized, empowered, and directed to execute 40 such agreement for and on behalf of the Town of Breckenridge. 41 42 Section 2. Minor changes to or amendments of the approved Lease may be made by the 43 Town Manager if the Town Attorney certifies in writing that the proposed changes or

1	amendments do not substantially affect the consideration to be received or paid by the Town
2	pursuant to the approved Lease, or the essential elements of the approved Lease.
3	
4	Section 3. The Town Council finds, determines and declares that it has the power to
5	adopt this ordinance pursuant to the authority granted to home rule municipalities by Article XX
6	of the Colorado Constitution and the powers contained in the <u>Breckenridge Town Charter</u> .
7	of the Colorado Constitution and the powers contained in the <u>Dicekennage 10win Charter</u> .
	Castion 4. This andingues shall be multished and become affective as movided by
8	Section 4. This ordinance shall be published and become effective as provided by
9	Section 5.9 of the <u>Breckenridge Town Charter</u> .
10	
11	INTRODUCED, READ ON FIRST READING, APPROVED AND ORDERED
12	PUBLISHED IN FULL this day of, 2013. A Public Hearing shall be held at the
13	regular meeting of the Town Council of the Town of Breckenridge, Colorado on the day of
14	, 2013, at 7:30 P.M., or as soon thereafter as possible in the Municipal
15	Building of the Town.
16	
17	TOWN OF BRECKENRIDGE, a Colorado
18	municipal corporation
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21	
22	$D_{Y''}$
	By: John G. Warner, Mayor
23	John G. Warner, Mayor
24	A TENERAL
25	ATTEST:
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30	Helen Cospolich, Town Clerk
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40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50	1500-78\ Breck Bears Lease Ordinance (09-03-13)(Second Reading)
50	1300-70/ Dreck Dears Lease Ordinance (09-03-13)(Second Reading)

LEASE

THIS LEASE ("Lease") is made and entered into this 1st day of October 2013 between the TOWN OF BRECKENRIDGE, a Colorado municipal corporation ("Landlord") and Beartown LLC, a Colorado limited liability company ("Tenant").

1) Property Leased. Landlord hereby leases to Tenant, and Tenant hereby leases from Landlord, upon the terms and conditions set forth in this Lease, the following real property located in the County of Summit and State of Colorado, to wit: The premises commonly known and described as 13217 Colorado Highway 9, Breckenridge, Colorado 80424. The premises consist of the showroom which is approximately 1,559 sf; the workshop which is approximately 2,475 sf; and the house which is approximately 2,153 sf, and includes a garage that is has been converted to living space. The premises are depicted on the attached Exhibit "A", which is incorporated herein by reference (the "Premises")

2) <u>Term.</u>

- a) <u>Length of Term</u>. The term of this Lease shall be deemed to have commenced as of 12:01 A.M., local time, on October 1, 2013, and shall end, subject to earlier termination as hereafter provided, at 11:59 P.M., local time, five (5) years subsequent to the date hereof.
- b) <u>Holdover By Tenant</u>. Should Tenant remain in possession of the Premises with the consent of Landlord after the natural expiration of this Lease, a new tenancy from month to month shall be created between Landlord and Tenant which shall be subject to all the terms and conditions hereof, but shall be terminable on sixty (60) days' written notice served by either Landlord or Tenant on the other party.
- c) <u>Early Termination</u>. Notwithstanding the stated term of this Lease as described in Subparagraph 2(a), this Lease may be terminated by either Landlord (if authorized by the Breckenridge Town Council) or Tenant, without liability for breach of this Lease, as follows:
 - i) Written notice of early termination shall be given to the non-terminating party in accordance with the provisions of Paragraph 27 of this Lease. If the Tenant is the terminating party, Tenant shall give Landlord at least thirty (30) days' prior written notice of early termination.
 - ii) In order to give the Tenant time to attempt to liquidate its inventory on the Premises:
 - (1) If the Landlord provides written notice of early termination between November 1 and March 1 of any year, the Tenant shall vacate the Premises by the next October 31 following the notification.
 - (2) If the Landlord provides notice of early termination between March 2 and October 31 of any year, the Tenant shall vacate the Premises by April 30 of the following year.

3) <u>Premises</u>.

- a) <u>Use of Premises</u>. The Premises may be used by the Tenant only for the manufacture of furniture and accessories, indoor and outdoor display, retail sales of furniture and accessories, residential and the storage of furniture and accessories, and for no other purpose without Landlord's prior written consent. During the term of this Lease, Tenant shall comply with: (i) all the reasonable rules and regulations (not inconsistent with the provisions of this Lease) which the Landlord may make for the protection of the Premises; and (ii) all the laws, ordinances, regulations, rules, and orders of appropriate governmental authorities either now in force or hereafter enacted pertaining to police, fire, sanitation, occupancy, preservation and use of the Premises. Tenant shall not, during the term of this Lease, maintain, commit, or permit the maintenance or commission of any hazard, waste or nuisance on the Premises. The Premises outside of the berm may not be used for storage of large personal items such as trailers, camp trailers, boats or other like items.
- b) <u>Inspection Of Premises</u>. Tenant acknowledges that it has inspected the Premises. Tenant accepts the Premises in "AS IS" condition without recourse to Landlord for any dangerous conditions, known or unknown. Tenant further stipulates that the Premises, including, but not limited to, all grounds, improvements and appliance (if any) are, at the time of this Lease, in good order, repair, and a safe, clean, and tenantable condition.
- c) Surrender of Premises; Removal of Tenant's Property. At the end of the term of this Lease Tenant shall surrender the Premises to the Landlord in as good a condition as existed at the time of the commencement of this Lease, normal wear and tear excepted. At the end of the term of this Lease Tenant shall remove its property from the Premises. Any property of Tenant not removed from the Premises by Tenant at the end of the term of this Lease shall be considered abandoned, and Landlord shall have the right (but not the duty), without any notice to Tenant, to sell or otherwise dispose of the same at the expense of the Tenant. If any of Tenant's property is so disposed of by Landlord, Landlord shall not be accountable to the Tenant for any part of the proceeds of such sale, if any.

4) Rent.

- a) <u>Due Date.</u> The Tenant will pay rent to Landlord not later than the twentieth day of each month beginning November 20, 2013.
- b) Rent Amount. The rent for the Premises shall be \$2,600 per month, or seven percent (7%) of Tenant's gross revenues for the preceding month, whichever is greater. As used in this subsection (b) "gross revenues" means all revenues, of whatever kind or nature, generated by Tenant from the conduct of Tenant's business operations at the Premises. When properly recorded and accounted for, a reduction from gross revenues will be allowed for: (a) bona fide returns for credit; (b) sales taxes collected for remittance to the State or Town; and (c) any wholesale (non-retail) sales made by Tenant. No deduction or

- reduction from gross revenues will be allowed for bad debts, loss from theft or any other deduction except as expressly provided otherwise in this Lease. Tenant's gross revenues will be based on revenues from the first day of the month to the last day of the month.
- c) <u>Pro Rated Rent.</u> If the term begins on any day other than the first day of the month, or ends on any day other than the last day of month, the monthly rent shall be prorated accordingly.
- d) <u>Late Fees.</u> A late charge of five percent (5%) shall be paid on any installment of rent not received by Landlord within ten (10) days of the due date.
- 5) <u>Security Deposit</u>. No security deposit is required.
- 6) <u>Landlord's Lien And Security Interest</u>. Landlord shall at all times have a security interest and a lien for all rent and other sums becoming due hereunder from Tenant upon all personal property of Tenant located in the Premises, and such property shall not be removed without the consent of Landlord until all arrearages in rent and other sums then due to Landlord shall first have been paid. Upon the occurrence of any event of default by Tenant, Landlord may foreclose its security interest and lien in the manner provided by law for the foreclosure of a security interest. Tenant agrees that Landlord may file a financing statement in a form legally sufficient to perfect the security interest in the lien granted to Landlord pursuant to this Paragraph.
- 7) <u>Utilities</u>. Tenant shall initiate, contract for, and obtain, in its name, all utility services required in connection with its use of the Premises, including, but not limited to, water, gas, electricity, telephone and trash removal, and Tenant shall pay all charges for such services as they become due. Landlord shall not be liable for any personal injury or property damage resulting from the negligent operation or faulty installation of utility services provided for use on the Premises, nor shall Landlord be liable for any injury or damage suffered by Tenant as a result of the failure to make necessary repairs to the utility facilities. Tenant shall be liable for any injury or damages to the equipment or service lines of the utility suppliers that are located on the Premises, resulting from the negligent or willful acts of Tenant. In particular, Tenant shall be liable for any loss or damage due to freezing, stoppage, or blockage of water pipes or plumbing fixtures on the Premises.

8) Maintenance, Repair And Snow Plowing.

- a) <u>Tenant's Maintenance Obligation</u>. Tenant shall: (i) keep the fixtures and appliances in, or about the Premises in good order and repair; and (ii) perform all required maintenance and repairs to the Premises and the appurtenances thereto, including fixtures and appliances.
- b) <u>Snow Removal</u>. Tenant shall provide all required snow plowing and snow and ice removal necessary to allow the Premises to be used by Tenant for the uses described in subparagraph 3(a).

- c) <u>Trash Accumulation</u>. Tenant shall keep the grounds which are part of the Premise neat, clean and free from any accumulation of trash, rubbish or unsightly debris.
- 9) <u>Hazardous Materials</u>. Tenant shall not store or permitted the storage on the Premises of any type of hazardous or similar material that is regulated by federal, state or local regulation without the prior, written consent of the Landlord.
- 10) <u>Alterations And Improvements</u>. Tenant shall make no alterations to the Premises or construct any building or make improvements to the Premises without the prior written consent of Landlord. All alterations, changes and improvements built, constructed or placed on the Premises by Tenant, with the exception of fixtures removable without damage to the Premises and moveable personal property shall, unless otherwise provided by written agreement between Landlord and Tenant, be the property of the Landlord and remain on the Premises at the expiration or sooner termination of this Lease.
- 11) Signs. Tenant may not post, place, affix, erect, or display any sign within or outside of the Leased Premises without Landlord's prior approval, which approval may be granted, withheld, or conditionally approved in Landlord's sole and absolute discretion. In considering Tenant's request to place a sign within or outside of the Leased Premises, Landlord acts in its capacity as landlord of the Leased Premises, and not in its governmental capacity. Landlord may remove any sign placed within or outside of the Leased Premises in violation of the portions of this subparagraph. In addition to obtaining Landlord's discretionary permission as described above, Tenant must also obtain any required sign permit from Landlord acting in its governmental capacity. Tenant will maintain all signs located within or outside of the Leased Premises in good, clean, and attractive condition. Tenant will remove all signs placed by Tenant within or outside of the Leased Premises at the expiration or earlier termination of this Lease, and repair any damage or injury caused thereby. If not so removed by Tenant, the Landlord may remove such sign(s) at Tenant's expense.
- 12) <u>Liens</u>. Tenant shall not permit the creation of any type of lien upon the Premises, including, but not limited to, a mechanic's or materialmen's lien. The indemnification provisions of this Lease shall apply to any such lien. If, because of any act or omission of Tenant, and resulting from Tenant's work on the Premises, any mechanic's or other lien, charge or order for the payment of money shall be filed against the Premises, Tenant shall, at Tenant's own cost and expense, cause the same to be discharged of record or bonded within ninety (90) days from the filing of such lien.
- 13) <u>Assignment And Sublease</u>. Tenant shall not sublet the Premises or any part thereof, or assign this Lease, or any part hereof, without the prior written consent of the Landlord.

14) Taxes.

a) <u>Taxes Defined</u>. As used in this Lease, the term "taxes" shall mean all personal property and real property taxes that may be levied, assessed or imposed arising out of Tenant's occupancy and use of the Premises pursuant to this Lease.

- b) <u>Possessory Interests</u>. Pursuant to Section 39-3-105, C.R.S., all real or personal property owned by Landlord is exempt from taxation. However, the parties acknowledge that Tenant's occupancy and use of the Premises pursuant to this Lease may be deemed to be a taxable possessory interest.
- c) Tenant To Pay Taxes. Any taxes lawfully assessed arising from Tenant's occupancy and use of the Premises pursuant to this Lease shall be paid by Tenant, and Tenant shall indemnify and hold Landlord harmless from any such taxes. Any taxes due arising from Tenant's occupancy and use of the Premises pursuant to this Lease shall be paid by Tenant in a timely manner. Prior to the last day for payment of such taxes without penalty or interest, Tenant shall provide to Landlord a photostatic copy of the receipt(s) or cancelled check(s) showing payment of the taxes. Tenant may pay any taxes in installments if permitted by law.
- d) Tenant's Right to Contest Taxes. In the event Tenant is liable for the payment of any taxes arising from Tenant's occupancy and use of the Premises pursuant to this Lease, Tenant shall have the right, at Tenant's sole expense, to contest any such taxes by the commencement and prosecution, in good faith and with due diligence, of appropriate legal proceedings; provided that Tenant makes timely payment of such taxes if Tenant loses the contest. Tenant shall advise Landlord prior to instituting any such contest and shall as a condition of exercising such right provide Landlord such reasonable assurance as it may request that such contest will be in compliance with the provisions of this Paragraph. Landlord, at Tenant's sole cost and expense, shall reasonably cooperate with Tenant in any such contest, may join in the contest, and shall execute and deliver such documents and instruments as may be necessary or appropriate for prosecuting an effective contest

15) Insurance.

- a) General Liability. Tenant shall procure and maintain throughout the term of this Lease commercial general liability insurance with minimum combined single limits of not less than the limits of liability established under the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act (§24-10-101, et seq., C.R.S.) ("Act"), which limits are as of the commencement of this Lease \$350,000 per person per occurrence and \$990,000 aggregate per occurrence. Such coverages shall be procured and maintained with forms and insurers acceptable to the Landlord. All coverages shall be continuously maintained to cover all liability, claims, demands, and other obligations assumed by Tenant pursuant to Paragraph 17 of this Lease. In the case of any claims-made policy, the necessary retroactive damages and extended reporting periods shall be procured to maintain such continuous coverages.
- b) Endorsements. The commercial general liability insurance policy required by Subparagraph 15(a), above, shall be endorsed to include the Landlord and Landlord's officers and employees as additional insured. Tenant's commercial general liability policy shall be primary insurance, and any insurance carried by Landlord, its officers, or its employees, or carried by or provided through any insurance pool of Landlord, shall be

- excess and not contributory insurance to that provided by Tenant. Tenant shall be solely responsible for any deductible losses under its commercial general liability policy.
- c) Certificate of Insurance. A certificate of insurance shall be completed by Tenant's insurance agent and provided to the Landlord as evidence that a commercial general liability insurance policy providing the required coverages, conditions, and minimum limits is in full force and effect and shall be reviewed and approved by Landlord prior to commencement of the term of this Lease. The certificate shall identify this Lease and shall provide that the coverages afforded under the policy shall not be canceled or terminated until at least thirty (30) days' prior written notice has been given to Landlord. The completed certificate of insurance shall be sent to:

Town Clerk P.O. Box 168 Breckenridge, CO 80424

- d) <u>Failure to Maintain Insurance.</u> Notwithstanding any other portion of this Lease, failure on the part of Tenant to procure or maintain a policy of commercial general liability insurance providing the required coverages, conditions, and minimum limits shall constitute a material breach of this Lease for which Landlord may immediately terminate this Lease, or, at its discretion, Landlord may procure or renew any such policy or any extended reporting period thereto, and may pay any and all premiums in connection therewith, and all monies so paid by Landlord shall be repaid by Tenant to Landlord upon demand, together with interest thereon at the highest legal rate.
- 16) No Waiver Of Governmental Immunity. The parties hereto understand and agree that Landlord is relying on, and does not waive or intend to waive by any provision of this Lease, the monetary limitations or any other rights, immunities, and protections provided by the Act., as from time to time amended, or any other limitation or defense otherwise available to Landlord, its officers, or its employees.
- 17) Indemnification. Tenant agrees to indemnify and hold the Landlord, its officers, employees, insurers, and self-insurance pool, harmless from and against all liability, claims, and demands, on account of injury, loss, or damage, including without limitation claims arising from bodily injury, personal injury, sickness, disease, death, property loss or damage, or any other loss of any kind whatsoever, which arise out of or are in any manner connected with Tenant's possession or use of the Premises pursuant to this Lease, or Tenant's breach of this Lease, except to the extent such liability, claim or demand arises through the negligence or willful act of Landlord, its officers, employees, or agents, or Landlord's breach of this Lease. Tenant agrees to investigate, handle, respond to, and to provide defense for and defend against, any such liability, claims, or demands at the sole expense of the Tenant, and also to bear all other costs and expenses related thereto. When the claim is caused by the joint negligence or willful misconduct of Tenant and Landlord or Tenant and a third party unrelated to Tenant (except a party for whom Tenant is vicariously liable pursuant to Paragraph 37 of this Lease), Tenant's duty to defend, indemnify and hold Landlord harmless

- shall be in proportion to Tenant's allocable share of the joint negligence or willful misconduct.
- 18) Non-liability Of Landlord. Tenant hereby releases Landlord, and the representatives, agent, and employees of Landlord, from any and all liability for any injury or damage to Tenant, or to Tenant's property located on or about the Premises, resulting from any cause whatsoever, except injury or damage resulting from the willful act of Landlord, or the representatives, agents, and employees of Landlord.
- 19) Tenant's Option To Repair or Rebuild Premises Damaged By Casualty Loss. If the Premises shall be damaged by fire or other casualty, regardless of the cause, Tenant shall have the option, at Tenant's sole expense, to repair such damage (if the Premises are less than a total loss) or rebuild the Premises (if the Premises are a total loss). If Tenant elects to repair or rebuild the Premises, such action shall not constitute the basis for an extension of this Lease, it being expressly understood and agreed that any action of Tenant in repairing or rebuilding the Premises is voluntarily undertaken with not expectation that the term of this Lease will be extended to allow Tenant to recoup its investment in repairing or rebuilding the Premises. If Tenant elects to repair or rebuild the Premises following a fire or other casualty loss, rent shall be abated for so long as the Premises may not be lawfully occupied and used by the Tenant for the purposes set forth in Paragraph 3(a). Following a fire or other casualty loss, Tenant shall notify Landlord within twenty (20) days if Tenant elects to repair or rebuild the Premises in accordance with this Paragraph. If Tenant elects not to repair or rebuild the Premises following a casualty loss, or fails to notify Landlord of its intention within such twenty (20) day period, Landlord may terminate this Lease upon written notice to Tenant. As used in this Paragraph 19, the term "casualty" shall mean damage to the Premises caused by fire, wind, rain, snow, flood explosion, or any other accident or unforeseen event or occurrence.
- 20) <u>Tenant Default</u>. Tenant shall be in default under this Lease if Tenant fails to comply with any of the terms, provisions or covenants of this Lease within three (3) days following services of a demand for compliance notice by Landlord in accordance with Colorado law.
- 21) <u>Landlord's Remedies Upon Default</u>. If the Tenant is in default under this Lease, Landlord shall have all of the remedies provided for in such circumstances by Colorado law, including without limitation, the right to terminate this Lease by written notice to Tenant, in which event Tenant shall immediately surrender the Premises to Landlord and, if Tenant fails to do so, Landlord may, without prejudice to any other remedy which it may have for possession or arrearages in rent, enter upon and take possession of the Premises and expel or evict Tenant and any other person who may be occupying the Premises or any part thereof, by force if necessary, without being liable for any claim for damages therefore.
- 22) <u>Abandonment</u>. If, at any time during the term of this Lease, Tenant abandons the Premises, Landlord may, at its option, and with or without terminating this Lease, enter the Premises by any means without being liable for any prosecution therefore, and without becoming liable to Tenant for damages or for any payment of any kind whatsoever, and may, at Landlord's

discretion, retake possession and make such changes and repair as may be required, relet the Premises for the whole or any part of the then unexpired term, and may receive and collect all rent payable by virtue of such reletting, and, at Landlord's option, hold Tenant liable for any difference between the rent that would have been payable under this Lease during the balance of the unexpired term, and the net rent for such period realized by Landlord by means of such reletting, less all expenses of such changes and repairs.

- 23) <u>Landlord Default; Tenant's Remedies.</u> In the event Landlord materially defaults in its performance of any of the material covenants or agreements to be kept, done or performed by Landlord under the terms of this Lease, Tenant shall notify the Landlord in writing of the nature of such default. Within five (5) days following receipt of such notice the Landlord shall correct such default; or, in the event of a default not capable of being corrected within five (5) days, the Landlord shall commence correcting the default within five (5) days of receipt of notification thereof and thereafter correct the default with due diligence. If the Landlord fails to correct the default as provided above, the Tenant shall have such rights as may be provided by applicable Colorado law.
- 24) <u>Quiet Enjoyment</u>. Landlord covenants that upon paying the rent and performing the covenants herein contained, Tenant shall peacefully and quietly have, hold, and enjoy the Premises for the agreed term.
- 25) Access To Premises. Tenant shall permit Landlord, its agents, employees and contractors, to have access to and to enter the Premises at all reasonable and necessary times to inspect the Premises for any purpose connected with the repair, improvement, care and management of the Premises, or for any other purpose reasonably connected with Landlord's interest in the Premises.
- 26) <u>Attorney's Fees</u>. Tenant shall pay all reasonable attorneys' fees and costs on behalf of Landlord if:
 - a) Landlord retains an attorney to institute litigation against Tenant for a breach of the terms and conditions of the Lease;
 - b) Landlord retains an attorney to institute litigation against Tenant for unlawful detainer of the Premises; or
 - c) Landlord is made party to litigation against Tenant instituted by a third party by reason of Landlord's ownership of the Premises, wherein Landlord is not at fault either actually or by reason of the responsibilities and liabilities assumed by Tenant in this Lease.
 - d) The reasonable attorneys' fees and costs incurred by Landlord herein shall be paid by Tenant whether litigation is actually instituted or prosecuted to judgment or not.
- 27) <u>Notices</u>. Any notices required or permitted hereunder shall be sufficient if personally delivered or if sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed as follows:

If To Landlord: Town Manager

Town of Breckenridge

P.O. Box 168

Breckenridge, CO 80424

WITH A COPY (WHICH SHALL

NOT CONSTITUTE NOTICE) TO: Timothy H. Berry, Esq.

Timothy H. Berry, P.C.

P. O. Box 2

Leadville, CO 80461

If To Tenant: Beartown LLC

Alison Palmer P.O. Box 2768

Breckenridge, CO 80424

Notices mailed in accordance with the provisions of this Paragraph shall be deemed to have been given on the third day following mailing. Notices personally delivered shall be deemed to have been given upon delivery. Nothing herein shall prohibit the giving of notice in the manner provided for in the Colorado Rules of Civil Procedure for service of civil process. E-mail is not a valid way to give notice under this Lease.

- 28) Time Of Essence. Time is of the essence of this Lease.
- 29) No Partnership. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Lease to the contrary, it is expressly understood and agreed that the Landlord shall not be construed or held to be a partner, associate or joint venturer of Tenant in the conduct of Tenant's business.
- 30) <u>Third Parties</u>. This Lease does not, and shall not be deemed or construed to, confer upon or grant to any third party (except a party to whom the Tenant may assign this Lease in accordance with the terms hereof) any right to claim damages or to bring suit, action or other proceeding against the Landlord because of any breach hereof or because of any of the terms, covenants, agreements and conditions herein.
- 31) <u>Complete Agreement</u>. It is understood and agreed that this Lease contains the complete and final expression of the agreement between the parties as to the subject matter of this Lease and that there are no promises, representations, or inducements except as are herein set forth.
- 32) <u>Modification</u>. This Lease may be modified or amended only by a duly authorized written instrument executed by the parties hereto.
- 33) <u>Applicable Law; Venue; Waiver of Jury Trial</u>. This Lease shall be interpreted in all respects in accordance with the laws of the State of Colorado. The parties agree to the jurisdiction and

- venue of the courts of Summit County, Colorado in connection with any dispute arising out of or in any matter connected with this Lease. **BOTH PARTIES WAIVE THE RIGHT TO A JURY TRIAL IN ACTION TO ENFORCE, INTERPRET OR CONSTRUE THIS AGREEMENT.**
- 34) <u>Counterparts</u>. This Lease may be execute simultaneously in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be considered an original for all purposes and all of which together shall constitute but one and the same instrument.
- 35) <u>Paragraph Headings</u>. Paragraph headings are inserted for convenience only and in no way limit or define the interpretation to be placed upon this Lease.
- 36) <u>Waiver</u>. The failure of either party to exercise any of its rights under this Lease shall not be a waiver of those rights. A party waives only those rights specified in writing and signed by the party waiving its rights.
- 37) <u>Tenant's Vicarious Responsibility</u>. Tenant shall be responsible under this Lease for the conduct or actions of Tenant's members, customers, business invitees, contractors and other persons who are permitted, allowed or are authorized to use the Premises by the Tenant.
- 38) <u>Terminology</u>. Wherever applicable, the pronouns in this Lease designating the masculine or neuter shall equally apply to the feminine, neuter and masculine genders. Furthermore, wherever applicable within this Lease, the singular shall include the plural, and the plural shall include the singular.
- 39) <u>Landlord's Consent</u>. As to any consent that is required or permitted to be given by Landlord under this Lease, such consent may be withheld in Landlord's sole and absolute discretion.
- 40) No Recording. This Lease shall **NOT** be recorded in the real property records of the Clerk and Recorder of Summit County, Colorado.
- 41) <u>Binding Effect</u>. This Lease shall be binding upon, and shall inure to the benefit of the parties, and their respective successors and permitted assigns.
- 42) <u>Copy of Agreement</u>. Both parties hereby acknowledge receipt of a complete and signed copy of this Lease.

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LANDLORD:	TOWN OF BRECKENRIDGE, a Colorado municipal corporation
	By

Tim Gagen, Town Manager

TENANT:	Beartown LLC, a Colorado limited liability company
	By:
	Print Name:
	Title:

Exhibit A Map of the "Premises"



MEMORANDUM

TO: Mayor and Town Council

FROM: Julia Puester, AICP

DATE: September 4, 2013 for meeting of September 10, 2013

SUBJECT: First Reading: Amendment to the Subdivision Standards for Rights-of-Way

Acquisition

Enclosed in this packet is an ordinance modifying the Subdivision Standards. This proposal would exclude parcels from a subdivision review created as a result of a right-of-way acquisition by a governmental entity.

The proposed modification is in response to the Colorado Department of Transportation's (CDOT) right of way acquision for the Four O'Clock Road roundabout. The exemption will save time and money in preparing and processing a subdivision application.

Staff finds that this exemption is consistent with other exemptions in the Subdivision Standards and recommends approval of the ordinance as written. Staff will be available at the meeting to answer any questions.

EAD WADECCIAN/FIDET DE ADINA

1	FUR WURKSESSIUN/FIRST READING - SEPT. 10
2	
3	Additions To The Current Breckenridge Town Code Are
4	Indicated By Bold + Double Underline ; Deletions By Strikeout
5	
6	COUNCIL BILL NO
7	
8	Series 2013
9	
10	AN ORDINANCE AMENDING CHAPTER 2 OF TITLE 9 OF THE <u>BRECKENRIDGE</u>
11	TOWN CODE, KNOWN AS THE "BRECKENRIDGE SUBDIVISION STANDARDS,"
12	CONCERNING RIGHTS-OF-WAY ACQUIRED BY GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES
13	
14	BE IT ORDAINED BY THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF BRECKENRIDGE,
15	COLORADO:
16	
17	<u>Section 1</u> . The definition of "Subdivision" in Section 9-2-2 of the <u>Breckenridge Town</u>
18	<u>Code</u> is amended to read in its entirety as follows:
19	
	SUBDIVISION: The division of a tract or parcel of land into two (2) or more parcels, lots, sites or other division for the purpose, whether immediate or future, transfer of ownership or sale, building development, including any resubdivision. Subdivision shall include, but not be limited to, the following types of developments and/or legal interests:

- A. Division Of Land: The division of land, whether by deed, metes and bounds description, map, plat or other recorded instrument.
- B. Division Of A Structure: The division of a structure into two (2) or more separate interests through division of the fee title thereto, whether by conveyance, license, contract for sale, or any other method of disposition including, but not limited to, the creation of a common interest community pursuant to the common interest ownership act, article 33.3, title 38, Colorado Revised Statutes.
- C. Timeshare Interests: The creation of interval estates, timeshare estates, time span estates and other timesharing interests as defined by the condominium ownership act, article 33, title 38, Colorado Revised Statutes.
- D. Cooperative: The creation of a cooperative as defined in the Colorado common interest ownership act, article 33.3,

title 38, Colorado Revised Statutes.

- E. Exclusions: Unless the method of land disposition is adopted for the purpose of evading this chapter, the term "subdivision", as defined in this section shall not apply to any division of land or interests in land:
- 1. Which is created by any court in this state pursuant to the law of eminent domain, partition or by operation of law.
- 2. Which is created by lien, mortgage, deed of trust or any other security instrument or the foreclosure of any such instrument.
- 3. Which is created by a security or unit of interest in any investment trust regulated under the laws of this state or any other interest in an investment entity.
- 4. Which creates an interest or interests in oil, gas, minerals or water which are now or hereafter severed from the surface ownership of real property.
- 5. Which creates a parcel or parcels as a result of the acquisition of land by the town.

6. Which creates a parcel or parcels as a result of the acquisition of right-of-way by the town or other governmental entity.

<u>Section 2</u>. Except as specifically amended hereby, the <u>Breckenridge Town Code</u>, and the various secondary codes adopted by reference therein, shall continue in full force and effect.

<u>Section 3</u>. The Town Council hereby finds, determines and declares that this ordinance is necessary and proper to provide for the safety, preserve the health, promote the prosperity, and improve the order, comfort and convenience of the Town of Breckenridge and the inhabitants thereof.

Section 4. The Town Council hereby finds, determines and declares that it has the power to adopt this ordinance pursuant to: (i) the Local Government Land Use Control Enabling Act, Article 20 of Title 29, C.R.S.; (ii) Part 3 of Article 23 of Title 31, C.R.S. (concerning municipal zoning powers); (iii) Section 31-15-103, C.R.S. (concerning municipal police powers); (iv) Section 31-15-401, C.R.S. (concerning municipal police powers); (v) the authority granted to home rule municipalities by Article XX of the Colorado Constitution; and (vi) the powers contained in the Breckenridge Town Charter.

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Section 5. This ordinance shall be published and become effective as provided by
Section 5.9 of the Breckenridge Town Charter.
INTRODUCED, READ ON FIRST READING, APPROVED AND ORDERED
PUBLISHED IN FULL this day of, 2013. A Public Hearing shall be held at the
regular meeting of the Town Council of the Town of Breckenridge, Colorado on the day of
, 2013, at 7:30 P.M., or as soon thereafter as possible in the Municipal Building of the
Town.
TOWN OF BRECKENRIDGE, a Colorado
municipal corporation
By John G. Warner, Mayor
John G. Warner, Mayor
ATTEST:
Helen Cospolich, Town Clerk
Tielen Cosponen, Town Clerk

500-348\Right of Way Exemption Ordinance (08-30-13)(First Reading)

MEMO

TO: Town Council

FROM: Town Attorney

RE: Proposed Amendment to Town's "General Penalty" Ordinance

DATE: September 3, 2013 (for September 10th meeting)

The Town's "General Penalty Ordinance" specifies the maximum punishment that the Municipal Judge can impose on a defendant for a violation of a Town ordinance. It is the "default rule" that applies if an ordinance does not specify a particular punishment that is to be imposed for a violation of the ordinance.

Currently, the General Penalty Ordinance provides for a maximum fine of \$999; imprisonment in the county jail for up to one day less than one year; or both such fine and imprisonment.

The Colorado legislature recently passed and the Governor signed into law HB13-1060. This new law amended the Colorado statutes providing the maximum penalties that can be imposed by municipal courts for municipal ordinance violations. Under the new law, fines in the municipal court can now be as high as \$2,650. Interestingly, the new statute also provides that the maximum municipal court fine amount is to be automatically increased on January 1, 2014 and on January 1 of each year thereafter to account for inflation.

Under Article 20, Section 6 of the Colorado Constitution a home rule municipality has the power to define and regulate the jurisdiction of its municipal court, and well to prescribe the power and duties of its municipal court. However, HB13-1060 automatically applies to home rule municipalities unless it is superseded by a home rule ordinance. Here, I do not see any reason for the Town to vary from the provisions of HB13-1060, but I do think it is appropriate for the Town's General Penalty Ordinance to be amended to reflect the heightened punishment provisions that are contained in HB13-1060.

Enclosed is an ordinance that amends the Town's General Penalty Ordinance to:

- 1. Increase the maximum fine that can be imposed in the Town's municipal court from \$999 to \$2,650, and provide for the annual inflation adjustment described in HB13-1060; and
- 2. Increase the maximum jail time for a municipal court violation to one full year. Although the maximum amount of jail is not the subject of HB13-1060, I think it is appropriate for the Town's General Penalty Ordinance to be brought into line with existing state law.

I will be happy to discuss this ordinance with you next Tuesday.

FOR WORKSESSION/FIRST READING – SEPT. 10

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3	Additions To The Current Breckenridge Town Code Are
4	Indicated By Bold + Double Underline ; Deletions By Strikeout
5	·
6	COUNCIL BILL NO
7	
8	Series 2013
9	
10	AN ORDINANCE AMENDING SECTION 1-4-1 OF THE <u>BRECKENRIDGE TOWN</u> <u>CODE</u>
11	CONCERNING THE GENERAL PENALTY TO BE IMPOSED FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE
12 13	ORDINANCES OF THE TOWN OF BRECKENRIDGE
14	WHEREAS, HB13-1060, which became effective April 18, 2013, increased the
15	maximum monetary fine that may be assessed by a municipal court of record (such as the
16	Breckenridge Municipal Court) from One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) to Two Thousand Six
17	Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$2,650.00), and further provides for an annual cost of living adjustment
18	to reflect inflation; and
19	WITEDELG A TO GO II OA TO AD A LA L
20	WHEREAS, the Town Council of the Town of Breckenridge desires to amend the
21	Town's "General Penalty Ordinance" to reflect the increase in the maximum monetary fine that
22 23	may be assessed by a municipal court under HB13-1060.
23	NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF
24 25	BRECKENRIDGE, COLORADO:
25 26	DRECKENRIDGE, COLORADO.
27	Section 1. Section A of Section 1-4-1 of the Breckenridge Town Code is amended so as
28	to read in its entirety as follows:
29	to read in its entirety as removes.
30	A. It is unlawful for any person to violate any ordinance of the town, this code, or
31	any code adopted by reference. Each violation is a misdemeanor offense, except
32	those violations specifically classified as infractions in any Town ordinance, this
33	code, or any code adopted by reference. Any person convicted of a misdemeanor
34	violation of this code, any ordinance of the town, any code adopted by reference,
35	or any regulation adopted pursuant to this code or town ordinance shall be
36	punished by a fine of not more than nine hundred ninety nine dollars (\$999.00)
37	two thousand six hundred fifty dollars (\$2,650.00), or by imprisonment not to
38	exceed one day less than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment;
39	provided, however, that no person under the age of eighteen (18) years as of the
40	date of the offense for which he is convicted shall be subject to a jail sentence,
41	except in the case of a conviction of a traffic offense under title 7 of this code.
12	Any persons found to have committed a violation of an infraction shall be
43	punished as provided in Section 1-4-1-1. The maximum amount of the fine that
14 15	may be imposed under this section shall automatically be increased annually
	as provided in Section 14 III II 4/I Uni / U S

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2	Section 2. Section 1 of this ordinance shall apply to municipal offenses committed on or
3	after November 1, 2013. Any person convicted of violating a Town ordinance the date of
4	violation of which was prior to November 1, 2013 shall be punished in accordance with the
5	1
	provisions of Section 1-4-1 of the <u>Breckenridge Town Code</u> as the same existed at the time of
6	the commission of such offense.
7	
8	Section 3. Except as specifically amended hereby, the <u>Breckenridge Town Code</u> , and the
9	various secondary codes adopted by reference therein, shall continue in full force and effect.
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11	Section 4. The Town Council hereby finds, determines and declares that this ordinance is
12	necessary and proper to provide for the safety, preserve the health, promote the prosperity, and
13	improve the order, comfort and convenience of the Town of Breckenridge and the inhabitants
14	thereof.
15	
16	Section 5. The Town Council hereby finds, determines and declares that it has the power
17	to adopt this ordinance pursuant to the provisions of Section 13-10-113, C.R.S., and the powers
18	possessed by home rule municipalities in Colorado.
19	possessed of nome rate mamorpanies in colorado.
20	Section 6. The Town Council hereby finds, determines and declares that it has the power
21	to adopt this ordinance pursuant to the authority granted to home rule municipalities by Article
22	XX of the Colorado Constitution and the powers contained in the <u>Breckenridge Town Charter</u> .
23	AX of the Colorado Constitution and the powers contained in the <u>breekeninge Town Charter</u> .
24	Section 7. This ordinance shall be published and become effective as provided by
25	Section 5.9 of the Breckenridge Town Charter.
26	Section 3.9 of the <u>breckellinge Town Charter</u> .
	INTRODUCED DEAD ON EIDCT DEADING ADDROVED AND ODDEDED
27	INTRODUCED, READ ON FIRST READING, APPROVED AND ORDERED
28	PUBLISHED IN FULL this day of, 2013. A Public Hearing shall be held at the
29	regular meeting of the Town Council of the Town of Breckenridge, Colorado on the day of
30	2013, at 7:30 P.M., or as soon thereafter as possible in the Municipal Building of the
31	Town.
32	
33	TOWN OF BRECKENRIDGE, a Colorado
34	municipal corporation
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36	
37	By
38	By John G. Warner, Mayor
39	
40	ATTEST:
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43	
44	Helen Cospolich
45	Town Clerk
46	
47	500-6\2013 General Penalty Ordinance (08-03-13)(First Reading)

500-6\2013 General Penalty Ordinance (08-03-13)(First Reading)

Memorandum

TO: Town Council

FROM: Dale Stein, Assistant Town Engineer

DATE: September 4, 2013

RE: Public Projects Update

Arts District

We have received the final construction bids from all the subcontractors for the remaining work on the Arts District campus build out project. Our current project estimate is \$3.4 million dollars, roughly \$200,000 (~6.5%) higher than the \$3.2 million dollar budget established from the Design Development estimating presented to Council in May. The increase in the project cost can be attributed to a few minor changes within the facilities, but is due almost entirely to an increase in both scope and unit pricing of the HVAC/mechanical systems. The delay in the bidding schedule has also started to have some impacts the construction schedule for the vertical portion of the project.

We have identified a number of cost saving measures during the bidding process and have already included these changes in the current budget estimate. However, mechanical/HVAC was the last bid received and we are currently working with our General Contractor, Base Building Solutions, to find cost savings in this division. Any additional savings will be included in the contractual GMP, but Staff considers the \$3.4 million dollar budget an accurate representation of the actual project cost and requests direction from Council regarding authorization of the budget.

Harris Street Community Building

Staff is working with the General Contractor, Spectrum General Contractors, to finalize contract documents and the construction schedule. It is anticipated that work will begin in full force the week of September 9th. The initial phases of work include site demolition, tree removals, and the removal of selective exterior elements of the building such as the existing light fixtures and the ADA ramp.

MEMO

TO: Mayor & Town Council

FROM: Tim Gagen, Town Manager

DATE: September 5, 2013

SUBJECT: Committee Reports for 09-10-2013 Council Packet

Summit Stage Advisory Board Meeting

August 28, 2013

James Phelps

Old Business – The Advisory Board will be seeking to fill (3) "at-large" positions. The advertisement for Stage Advisory Board positions is expected to run between Sept. 9th -20th. The BOCC appointments will reset new members and terms. The remaining (9) positions are made up by County & Town appointed representation. Summit County/Summit Stage is currently reviewing service/operations contracting proposals. A review committee will be making recommendations for further BOCC discussion/consideration. The findings/recommendations should be made by the beginning of Oct. 2013.

New Business – The Winter Service Schedule will begin on Sunday, December 8th. The service is delayed over previous years. This operations change was necessary for operational savings. As in years past there will be coordination with the Breckenridge Free Ride for efficiencies. External Advertising was discussed for a future revenue source. Exact net revenues are still being determined based on available panel areas on 27 Summit Stage buses. There is board interest in pursuing this option for future revenue for the upcoming winter season.

Police Advisory Committee

September 4, 2013

Chief Haynes

The Police Advisory Committee (PAC) held its bimonthly meeting on September 4, 2013. The Chief and PAC members discussed the following:

- ➤ Introductions: The Committee added Jeff Chabot, Summit Middle School Dean of Students and Breckenridge resident.
- Special Guest: Jordan Schultz from the Healthy Futures Initiative (formerly Drug Free Community Coalition) joined the group for a discussion on the Healthy Kids Colorado Survey. Jordan provided an overview of the current state of the health of Summit County youth. Jordan and committee members, Jim Smith (Assistant HS Principal) and Jeff Chabot (MS Dean of Students), answered a variety of questions from committee members on drug use, mental health, and bullying. The group also discussed parent engagement, county programming, and the overall work of the Healthy Futures Initiative committee.
- **Council Items:** Chief Haynes provided the committee with a general overview of marijuana ordinances being presented to Council in the coming month.
- Staffing & Recruiting: Chief Haynes announced to the group that Assistant Chief Greg Morrison retired on August 26th. She reviewed the recruitment and hiring plan for the Assistant Chief position and advised that she would be contacting committee members to participate in the selection process. Chief Haynes also updated the group on the hiring of local Summit County resident, Garrison Green. Green started the police academy in Glenwood on August 26th.
- Marijuana: Chief Haynes provided the committee with an overview for plans to hire a marijuana (tobacco & alcohol) compliance officer provided the Marijuana excise tax on the November ballot passes. Committee members expressed support for this initiative and generally commented on a need for greater drug enforcement.

Committees	Representative	Report Status
CAST	Mayor Warner	Verbal Report
CDOT	Tim Gagen	No Meeting/Report
CML	Tim Gagen	No Meeting/Report
I-70 Coalition	Tim Gagen	No Meeting/Report
Mayors, Managers & Commissions Meeting	Mayor Warner	Verbal Report
Summit Leadership Forum	Tim Gagen	No Meeting/Report
Liquor Licensing Authority*	Taryn Power	No Meeting/Report
Wildfire Council	Matt Thompson	No Meeting/Report
Public Art Commission*	Jenn Cram	No Meeting/Report
Summit Stage Advisory Board*	James Phelps	Included
Police Advisory Committee	Chief Haynes	Included
Housing/Childcare Committee	Laurie Best	Verbal Report
CMC Advisory Committee	Tim Gagen	No Meeting/Report

Note: Reports provided by the Mayor and Council Members are listed in the council agenda.

^{*} Minutes to some meetings are provided in the Manager's Newsletter.

MEMORANDUM

To: Town Council

From: Matt Thompson, AICP

Date: September 4, 2013 for meeting of September 10, 2013

Re: Worksession: Pence Miller Village Town Project

At the March 26, 2013 Council worksession, Council reviewed the proposed Pence Miller Village affordable housing. The purpose of that worksession was to see if the Town Council is comfortable with the increased height and density over the recommended height in current Land Use District 9.2. The Council was comfortable with how the design of the project was proceeding pending a passing point analysis.

The purpose of this worksession is to provide an update on the design progress and obtain feedback from the Council prior to presenting the Town Project to the Planning Commission.

The proposal is for two buildings which would be 100% affordable rental housing. Provision of affordable rental housing is a priority goal of the Town Council and the Town is looking at higher densities on its affordable housing sites, provided the housing meets a fit test and achieves good design. The Town owns the land for the proposed affordable housing; hence the project is being processed as a Town Project.

Changes from the last Town Council Worksession

- The front building closest to Airport Road has been reduced in height by 21'- 3 ½" or almost two full stories.
- The rear building further from Airport Road took off a floor level, which lowered the building by 10' 8".
- The garage at the first floor has been buried as much as possible to minimize the massing of the building above grade. The south end of the building is buried and there is a minimal exposure for the garage entry on the north end.
- The total density of both buildings has been reduced from 65,142 sq. ft. to 61,055 sq. ft.
- Mass has been reduced from 112,165 sq. ft. to 104,522 sq. ft.
- Units have been reduced from 86 units to 81 units.

Density

Land Use District 9.2 allows residential uses at a density of 10 units per acre. The proposal is to use the density from a total of eight acres of land. The Town Council has previously agreed to the concept of allowing five acres north of Claimjumper Condos to be added to the three acre building site to the south. The density would be permanently stripped from the northern parcel.

Proposed:

Front Building 1 – Rear Building 2 – Level B1 = 14,514 sq. ft. (garage)

Level B1 = 14,514 sq. ft. (garage)

Level R1 = 12,018 sq. ft. Level R2 = 12,018 sq. ft. Level R3 = 6,886 sq. ft.	Level R1 = 11,228 sq. ft. Level R2 = 12,018 sq. ft. Level R3 = 6,886 sq. ft.
Density = 30,922 sq. ft.	Density = 30,132 sq. ft.
Mass = $52,276$ sq. ft.	Mass = $52,276$ sq. ft.

Project Totals

Density = 61,054 sq. ft.

Mass = 104,522 sq. ft. (As currently designed this project is at 6.3 UPA, which is below the allowed 10 Units per Acre for Land Use District 9.2)

Based on the method of calculating density described above, the proposal is in compliance with the allowed development rights for the parcel, and as such, staff has no concerns with the density as proposed.

Building Height

Land Use District 9.2 recommends building heights of two stories, with three stories acceptable if situated in such a way that the hill to the west provides an appropriate backdrop and sufficient trees to the east to provide screening. The revised plan attached shows that they can retain sufficient trees to the east to provide adequate screening. Furthermore, the hill to the west provides an appropriate backdrop.

Per the Development Code definition of story to height conversion both buildings are four and a half stories. Both buildings are designed with the garage mostly buried except for at the garage entry. Therefore both buildings appear to be three story buildings with stepped down ends, two stories in height.

Land Use District

The taller structure is Building 1, measured at 57' - 6" to the mean elevation of the roof, which makes it four and a half stories as defined by the Code. Previously Council direction was that the height would be acceptable if it met the land use district and could pass a point analysis.

Staff finds that the proposed buildings meet the above criteria; hence both buildings comply with the three story land use district by not going over two full stories over the land use district guidelines Staff conducted a point analysis and believes the project is eligible for the following points:

Positive Points

- Employee housing +10 points. Found in Policy 24/R Social Community.
- Parking mostly in garage +2 points. Policy 18/R Parking, encourages placing off street parking out of public view. Proposal includes underground parking under both buildings.
- <u>Landscaping +4.</u> Policy 22/R Landscaping, for a landscaping proposal that provides above average landscaping plans.
- Transit bus stop +4. Policy 25/R Bus pull-out stop with a shelter for waiting guest.

- <u>Refuse: +1 point.</u> Policy 15/R Refuse, placing the trash dumpster inside of the principal structures screened from public view.
- <u>Infrastructure +4 points.</u> Installation of a sidewalk to the bus stop and installation of street lights.
- <u>Total positive points</u> = +25 points

Negative Points

• <u>Height – 20 points</u>. Found in Policy 6/R Building Height. Staff assumes a three story base line for the height discussion. Per Code these are four and a half story buildings. Per Policy 6/R: "-20 points Buildings that are more than one and one-half (1 ½) stories over the land use guidelines recommendation, but are no more than two (2) stories over the land use guidelines recommendation."

Per the Development Code Section 9-1-5: Definitions:

"Story To Height Conversion: A conversion factor used in determining allowed building heights outside of the historic district for all structures except single-family residences and duplexes, where the first two (2) stories of a building are allocated thirteen feet (13') in height each, and all subsequent stories are each allocated twelve feet (12') in height. One-half (1/2) story equals six feet (6')."

The highest point of the two buildings is 57' - 6". Hence, the story to height conversion was calculated as follows:

```
1<sup>st</sup> floor = 13'

2<sup>nd</sup> floor = 13'

3<sup>rd</sup> floor = 12'

4<sup>th</sup> floor = 12'

5<sup>th</sup> floor = 12'

5 stories = 62'
```

The proposal is for a $57^{\circ} - 6^{\circ}$ building, which is just slightly over four and a half stories, but not a full two stories over the recommended land use guidelines. Hence, this falls into the category described above with negative twenty (-20) points, but is no more than two (2) stories over the land use guidelines and meets this policy.

Staff believes that the application meets the requirements of Land Use District 9.2 to go from a two story land use district to a three story land use district. Furthermore, taking into consideration the applicant has decreased the height, density, and mass, this proposal passes a preliminary point analysis and would fit on the site.

Overall, the proposal has been revised to maintain tree buffers, has been reduced significantly in height and setbacks have been increased to address concerns of the Planning Commission and the neighbors. Staff believes that the application passes a preliminary point analysis and that the project is heading in the right direction.

Staff would like Council feedback on the analysis above and ask for any comments or concerns on the direction of the Pence Miller Village Project. If the Council has no major concerns; the next step would

be to start the official Public Improvement Projects by Town (9-1-27) and send the proposal on to the Planning Commission for the recommendation of the Planning Commission.







MAIN (303) 730-0434 FAX (303) 730-1130 Denne; CO 80240

CORUM REAL ESTATE GROUP

pn:300-796-2000 fn:303-796-2065 MOUNTAIN MARKETING ASSOCIATES, LTD.

100 S. Ridge Street #105 Breckervidge, CO 80424 MAIN (970) 453-2571 FAX (970) 453-5490 PENCE MILLER, LLC.

Breckenridge, Colorado

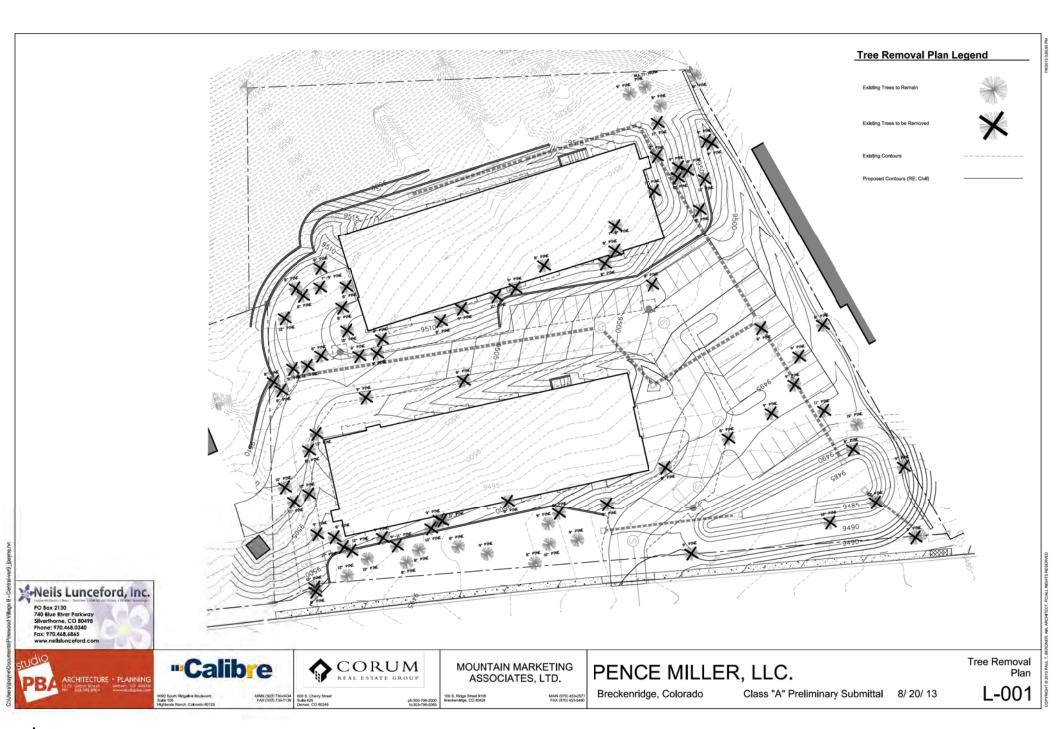
08/20/13





08/20/13

Breckenridge, Colorado



- 1. 6* of plant mix to be used in all perennial beds. Topsoil to be installed to a depth of 3" in all disturbed areas, All soll must be approved by Landscape Designer prior to installation.
- 2. Tree and shrub wells to be back filled with 50% native soil and 50%
- 3. Location of all trees shall be staked by Contractor and approved by the
- 4. 3"-6" cobble rock mulch will be used as a ground cover treatment in designated areas with weed barrier fabric. All shrub and tree planting beds shall receive medium shredded wood mulch 3" deep over weed barrier fabric. All perennial beds shall receive a minimum of 2"small nugget
- 5. All boulders over 1.5' in diameter uncovered during excavation will be stocked on site for use as landscape boulders as shown per plan. Final boulder placement to be approved by the Landscape Designer.
- 6. Flag all trees to be saved prior to construction.
- 7. Locate all plant material to avoid snow shed, snow removal locations, sight lines, utility lines, fire hydrants, and easements.
- Exact placement and shape of planting beds shall be reviewed by Landscape Designer prior to installation of infgation drip tubing. Shrubs, in their pots, shall be placed for review by Landscape Designer.
- Plant quantities symbolically shown on plan take precedence over written instructions. Align and place all trees and shrubs per these notes and drawings.
- 10. Edging to be 4" steel edging. Edging shall be tacked in place with 1 foot edging straps at each 10' section and once in the middle. Distance between straps shall not exceed 5'.
- 11. It is the contractor's responsibility to furnish plant material free of pests 11. It is the contractor's responsability to unitine paint material the of pess or disease. Pre-elected, "lagged" material must be inspected by the Landiscape Designer prior to installation. The Contractor must certify that all plant materials for he other said disease. The Contractor must certify that warranty all plant materials for health and pioper installation for a period of one year after installation per their contract.
- All new trees and shrubs shall be drip irrigated upon installation. All perennial areas shall be spray irrigated. A permanent irrigation system is required.
- 13. All tree and shrub symbols used are reflective of plant size in 10-12
- 14. This document, information and design is proprietary data and the exclusive property of Neils Lunceford, Inc. Reproduction or use of this document is prohibited without written consent.

Native Grass Seed Mix

Summit Hills Grass Seed Mixture: Slender Wheatgrass Slender Wheatgrass Hard Fescue Sheep Fescue Tall Fescue

20% 20% 15% 10% 10% Alpine Bluegrass-Canby Bluegrass-Denotes Native Grass

Revegetate all disturbed areas on site with Summit Hills Grass Mix @ 2 lbs/1000 s.f. Slopes over \$:1 shall be









100 S. Ridge Street #105 Breckendidge, CO 80424

MOUNTAIN MARKETING ASSOCIATES, LTD.

MAIN (970) 453-2571 FAX (970) 453-5490

PENCE MILLER, LLC.

Breckenridge, Colorado

Class "A" Preliminary Submittal 8/ 20/ 13

Landscape Legend

Landscape Plan L-002

Existing Treeline Existing Pine Tree (27) Proposed Colorado Spruce Tree 8'-12' Nursery Grown (22) Proposed Engelmann Spruce Tree 6'-8' Collected (7) Proposed Aspen Trees 1.5" - 2" Cal. Proposed Cobble over Fabric 4"-6" Cobble Proposed Native Grass Seed Proposed Contours (RE: CIvil) Proposed Steel Edger CHERRY WHEN PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER, THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER, THE

MEMORANDUM

TO: Mayor and Town Council

FROM: Shannon Haynes, Chief of Police

DATE: September 3, 2013

SUBJECT: Breed Specific Bans

At the request of Council staff has researched breed specific bans within Colorado.

Currently, there are eight municipalities in Colorado with Breed specific bans. These include: Denver, Aurora, Fort Lupton, Lone Tree, Louisville, Castle Rock, Commerce City, and La Junta.

The ordinances for these jurisdictions are similar in nature. Each ordinance provides definitions of the prohibited breeds. In most cases breeds include, "American Pit Bull Terrier, American Staffordshire Terrier, Staffordshire Bull Terrier, or any dog displaying the majority of physical traits or genetic markers of any one or more of the above breeds, or any dog exhibiting those distinguishing characteristics which substantially conform to the standards established by the American Kennel Club or United Kennel Club for any of the above breeds".

In addition, ordinances generally provide exceptions to include:

- The ability to apply for a Pit Bull license
- Transporting through the jurisdiction
- Veterinarian practices
- Dog shows

In most cases a Pit Bull license is issued to an owner who applies for such license prior to the enactment of the local ordinance or within a set time frame from passage of such ordinance, or the individual is the owner/handler of a designated service animal. There are a number of requirements for licensure that include, but are not limited to, proof of a minimum homeowner's or renter's liability insurance (\$100,000), spaying/neutering, microchip insertion, confinement requirements, as well as, muzzle and leash requirements. In all cases, owners are not allowed transfer ownership within the jurisdiction.

Penalties for violating these ordinances include significant fines (\$700-\$1,000), possible jail time, and possible destruction of the animal.

The City and County of Denver ordinance has been challenged several times since it was passed in 1989. At the time of passage Denver had experienced a significant number of pit bull attacks including one that resulted in the death of a child (1986) and others that resulted in significant injuries. Denver' ordinance was immediately challenged in District Court and upheld as constitutional. That decision was appealed to the Colorado Supreme Court and again upheld.

In 2004, the State of Colorado passed a statute prohibiting municipalities from enacting breed specific bans. The City and County of Denver filed a civil complaint citing their ability as a Home Rule entity to enact and enforce legislation as a matter of local or jurisdictional concern. The District Court upheld the right of a Home Rule municipality "to regulate dangerous dogs within its community".

Currently there are a limited number of pit bulls licensed in Breckenridge; however we know that not all dogs residing within the Town limits are licensed.

I will be available at the work session on September 10th to answer any questions.



MEMORANDUM

TO: Town Council

FROM: Open Space and Trails staff

DATE: September 4, 2013 (for the September 10, 2013 meeting) **SUBJECT:** Summit Huts Association's Weber Gulch Hut Proposal

Summit Huts Association (SHA) has been working for years to develop a new backcountry hut proposal in the vicinity of Bald Mountain. SHA's goal is to add a fourth hut to their system to better accommodate increasing demand for backcountry ski and snowshoe hut access in the area, and to offer hut-to-hut skiing opportunities between the existing huts (e.g. Francie's and the Section House) and the proposed new Weber Gulch hut.

After several years of planning, SHA has worked with SE Group and the U.S. Forest Service to develop an Environmental Assessment (EA) for public review. The EA can be reviewed in its entirety here.

Previously, both Town Council and the Board of County Commissioners have offered initial support for the Weber Gulch Hut proposal. This support is important because the proposal is predicated on a new trail access to be constructed across joint Town/Summit County open space properties on the flanks of Bald Mountain. SHA has developed its current proposal based on the previous indication of support for construction of the new trail.

Despite the general support for the hut proposal, Council has also worked with Town and County staff to thoroughly vet the proposal and analyze any potential community impacts. Much of the EA document is devoted to addressing the issues raised by Town Council in its previous November 21, 2011 letter. In general, as outlined in the attached draft letter, the EA satisfactorily addresses Town Council's previously raised concerns. There remain, however, a few issues that require additional consideration and review prior to a decision by the Forest Supervisor. Those concerns are outlined in the attached letter for your review.

Staff requests Town Council review the draft letter and provide staff with any direction so that a comment letter can be revised and submitted by the September 11th comment deadline.



September 11, 2013

Scott Fitzwilliams, Forest Supervisor c/o Shelly Grail White River National Forest- Dillon Ranger District P.O. Box 620 Silverthorne, CO 80498

Dear Mr. Fitzwilliams:

This letter is in response to the Environmental Assessment (EA) for Summit Huts Association's (SHA) application for a Weber Gulch Backcountry Hut. The Breckenridge Town Council and Breckenridge Open Space Advisory Commission (BOSAC) have reviewed the scoping notice dated August 9, 2013 and appreciate the opportunity to comment on SHA's proposal. We understand that this comment is part of the public comment period pertaining to the EA that precedes a decision by the U.S. Forest Service.

The Town of Breckenridge is keenly interested in the Weber Gulch concept, both because SHA's proposal could have wide-ranging community impacts and because the Town is a joint owner of several open space properties affected by the proposal.

The Breckenridge Town Council has previously indicated its support in principle for the Weber Gulch Backcountry Hut by allowing SHA to proceed with its application, which includes a proposal to construct a new trail access across joint Town of Breckenridge/Summit County open space property. We reiterate this general support for the hut concept, and request additional information to clarify specific points in the project proposal. If this hut project comes to fruition, we would like to see it thoroughly evaluated and well executed.

In the previous scoping letter, Town Council requested additional review of the following topics related to the Summit Huts proposal:

- 1. Nightmare on Baldy Trail and Upper Trail of Tears Extension
- 2. Humbug /Wirepatch Trail
- 3. Trailhead Design and Management for Public Benefit
- 4. Baldy Road and Sallie Barber/Baldy Parking Access
- 5. Traffic

The Environmental Assessment addressed the above topics as follows:

1. The extension of the Nightmare on Baldy Trail and the construction of the Upper Trail of Tears are thoroughly evaluated in the EA. Any new trail construction on joint Town/County open space would require permission from the Town as a partial interest owner. Also, additional regulatory review, and potentially a Conditional Use Permit, may be required by Summit County. We support the administrative access via the Upper Trail of Tears concept as

- reflected in the current proposal. This idea is preferred when compared with SHA's previous proposal to co-locate the administrative access with the proposed new Upper Nightmare on Baldy Trail.
- 2. The Humbug/Wirepatch Trail concept is currently being analyzed by the U.S. Forest Service under a separate NEPA process and therefore does not need to be further evaluated under the Weber Gulch Hut proposal. A decision regarding this proposed trail is expected in fall 2013.
- 3. Trailhead design and management is discussed in the EA document, but we have ongoing questions and concerns regarding this topic. These concerns are further addressed below.
- 4. As outlined in the EA, overnight parking is already prohibited at both the Baldy Road and Sallie Barber/Baldy Parking access. Managing overnight parking at these day use-only areas does not require a policy amendment, but rather enforcement of existing regulations. We understand that to reduce the ski access distance and time, some hut guests would opt to park in the overnight paid parking area at the Stephen C. West Ice Arena, and then ride the free Summit Stage bus to the Baldy parking area to be dropped off. The additional overnight parking counts generated at the ice arena parking area by Weber Gulch hut users can be accommodated, and Summit Huts guests should simply follow the existing parking regulations already in place (\$5 per night; 14-day maximum; self-service fee station located on-site).
- 5. Increased vehicular traffic on French Gulch Road from hut guests appears to be thoroughly evaluated in the EA. Recreational traffic on the west face of Bald Mountain was also discussed, although the estimated number of existing daily skiers on the west face of Bald Mountain ("one party per day") seems like a gross underestimate (p. 43 of the EA). We believe that recreational use on the west face of Bald Mountain will inevitably increase with hut-related traffic, and the north-facing area cited as the primary skiing for hut guests will also receive additional use from hut guests. We reiterate our previous request to evaluate and improve U.S. Forest Service enforcement of the no snowmobiling policy on Bald Mountain as part of this hut-related decision. A winter gate installed at Baldy Road would also help with this issue.

Trailhead design and management continues to be an issue of concern for the Town Council and BOSAC with regard to this Weber Gulch Hut proposal. As described in the EA, the proposal now limits hut reservations to winter months only. This change leads to the obvious question of how the proposed expanded parking area would be managed during summer months and whether that use supports the goals and objectives of the area land management agencies.

We seek additional clarity regarding the long-term management of the parking area in Lincoln. First, if approved and constructed, we strongly recommend that overnight parking in the proposed new parking area be limited to hut guests, Mountain Meadows subdivision homeowners, and other permitted guests. Based on previous management challenges, we do not support a de-facto car camping area at the head of one of the most popular trailhead accesses in the region. Further, winter plowing schedules, gated parking lot entries, appropriate signage, and parking restrictions should be further clarified with regard to the proposed winter-only trailhead. We believe that SHA should enter into a formal agreement

with the USFS, County and Town that clearly articulates the management of the trailhead, the new trail facilities, an effective signage plan, etc. This operations plan should be agreed to by all affected parties and should explicitly describe the long term management goals of the area. The vision outlined in the Golden Horseshoe Management Plan is a logical starting point for these discussions and any decisions related to trailhead management. Town representatives would like to participate in any discussions or decisions related to the summertime use of the proposed parking area.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on Summit Hut Association's Weber Gulch Backcountry Hut Environmental Assessment. If you have any follow up questions to our response to your scoping notice, please contact Town of Breckenridge open space staff at ScottR@townofbreckenridge.com or 970/547-3155.

Sincerely,

John Warner Mayor

Cc: Thomas Davidson, Chair, Summit County Board of Commissioners Brian Lorch, Director, Summit County Open Space and Trails Department

Town Council Staff Report

Subject: Cucumber Gulch Preserve Channel Restoration

(Town Project, Hearing, PC#2013074)

Proposal: The Town is proposing to restore wetlands and beaver pond habitat in the Upper

Cucumber Gulch (UCG) area.

The work described in the Application is a "Town Project" as defined in Section

9-14 of the Town Code.

Date: September 4, 2013 (for meeting of September 10, 2013)

Project Manager: Scott Reid, Open Space and Trails Planner

Applicant/Owner: Town of Breckenridge

Address: 1522 Ski Hill Road

Legal Description: Tract A, Peaks 7 & 8 Perimeter, Public Open Space

Site Area: 55.79 acres

Land Use District: 1: Low Density Residential, Recreational

Site Conditions: The site is undeveloped and contains a groundwater and surface water-fed wetland

complex.

The site is located immediately across Ski Hill Road from the Peak 8 Base Area, and adjacent to the detention pond associated with the Peak 8 Base Area development.

Adjacent Uses: North: Protected open space in Cucumber Gulch Preserve

South: Detention Pond and Ski Hill Road

East: Protected open space in Cucumber Gulch Preserve

West: Ski Hill Road, Peak 8 Base Area

Item History

Cucumber Gulch Preserve ("the Preserve") is highly valued by the Town and its citizens due to its valuable wetland complex and associated wildlife biodiversity. Cucumber Gulch has been identified as an Aquatic Resource of National Importance (ARNI) by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency because the area contains rare peat-forming, groundwater-fed fen wetlands, as well as surface water-fed wetlands that support a rich biodiversity of animals, birds and plants. The Town and its citizens have committed significant resources to acquiring, protecting, and appropriately managing this sensitive wetland ecosystem.

Since 2001, the Town has conducted biological and hydrological resource monitoring in the Preserve to better understand, and therefore manage, the wetland ecosystem. In 2011, water quality monitoring received additional focus and resources because: 1) Town Council and BOSAC directed staff to conduct

a more thorough wetland and water quality review; and 2) A record snowpack followed by significant runoff and rain events prompted drainage issues throughout the Upper Blue basin. Those elevated water flows stressed the overall hydrologic system and exacerbated existing drainage issues (e.g. Sawmill Creek and Coyne Valley Road).

The 2011 water quality monitoring report, developed by EcoMetrics and Johnson Environmental on behalf of the Town, indicated that overall health of the wetlands in the Preserve was good. However, significant issues were identified in the Upper Cucumber Gulch Preserve, below the base of Peak 8. Specifically, an altered water flow regime, an altered sediment budget, and the loss of beaver habitat were identified as potential issues in Upper Cucumber Gulch. In addition, stream channelization and significant head cutting occurred in Boreas Creek during the 2011 runoff, prompting changes in the water table and an overall loss of wetlands in the area.

Based on these findings, BOSAC and Town Council directed Town staff to identify and pursue potential solutions to the issues outlined in the 2011 wetland report. In 2012, a proposal developed by Claffey Ecological Consulting and Five Rivers Inc. was designed and implemented under a PMA variance granted by both the Planning Commission and Town Council. That project included several actions to stabilize the water inflows, expand wetland areas, improve beaver habitat, and reduce head cutting in the Boreas Creek channel. To date, the bioengineering structures installed in fall 2012 have functioned well and achieved the stated project objectives.

As anticipated in 2012, Town staff is now focused on phase two of the wetland restoration which involves restoring the Boreas Creek stream channel. This proposed second phase is intended to:

- 1. Reduce the speed, and therefore erosive force, of the water flow in the incised Boreas Creek channel.
- 2. Raise the Boreas Creek channel elevation to reduce its draining effect on the adjoining wetlands
- 3. Install log deadfall areas to stabilize the stream channel and reduce future erosion.
- 4. Create additional wetland habitat.
- 5. Protect the investment in the existing Cucumber wetland restoration by reducing erosion and sedimentation in the downstream beaver ponds.

As with the 2012 wetland restoration project, bioengineering techniques are proposed to be used to accomplish this channel restoration. Bioengineering methods involve the use of mostly local, native materials to mimic desirable natural processes to accomplish long-term goals. In this case, the design consultant, Claffey Ecological Consulting, has proposed the installation of multiple log deadfall zones in the channel to both raise the channel elevation and slow the pace of the water flow.

The logs will be harvested locally from area deadfall and standing dead trees. Rock from the recent Sawmill Creek restoration project will be used to raise the stream channel level where necessary, and coir fabric installations will be filled with area soil and plugged with native vegetation to help establish more naturally functioning dams to slow and redistribute the water flows. Wherever possible, and in at least two locations, historical beaver dams will be reconstructed to reestablish a terraced pond structure that will accomplish the stated goals above and provide an opportunity for beavers to recolonize and maintain the dam structure over time

The Army Corps of Engineers (ACOE) staff has reviewed this proposal in the field and indicated general support for the approach. The federal agency is currently reviewing the stream channel restoration proposal. No action would occur without the approval of the ACOE.

The Breckenridge Open Space Advisory Commission (BOSAC) was made aware of this project and reviewed this concept in fall 2012, and more recently at its August 19th meeting. BOSAC unanimously recommended proceeding with the proposed channel restoration, and to pursue approval for a Town Project through the Planning Commission and Town Council. BOSAC recommended prompt action be taken to address the ongoing concerns in Upper Cucumber Gulch. At its September 3rd meeting, the Planning Commission also unanimously approved proceeding to Town Council for approval of this channel restoration project. Staff now seeks Council approval.

Staff Comments

Protection of the wetland values in Cucumber Gulch Preserve is a high priority for the Town of Breckenridge and its open space program. Town staff is working with qualified consultants to identify and address threats to the wetland ecosystem health. The stream channel restoration proposal is designed to fulfill that goal by restoring the wetlands and improving water flow in Upper Cucumber Gulch.

Land Use (Policies 2/A & 2/R): The Cucumber Gulch Overlay Protection District is an amendment to the Land Use Guidelines. Within the Preventive Management Area (PMA), most development activities are prohibited, including:

"C: Placement of material such as soil or gravel."

"D: Removal or excavation of material such as soil, gravel or vegetation."

In order to move forward with this channel restoration project, the Town Council would need to approve the Town Project as proposed. Town staff, BOSAC and Town consultants believe that the overall health of wildlife and vegetation in and near Cucumber Gulch, and water quality conditions will all be improved through this project. Town projects are typically evaluated against the Development Code to determine their conformance with Code requirements. In this situation, the most relevant Code requirements are included in the Cucumber Gulch Overlay Protection District ordinance (Ordinance 9, Series 2000) in the form of Relief Procedures. As this is a Town Project, a variance is not required; however, in accordance with the Town Project ordinance, the application has been reviewed under the Cucumber Gulch variance criteria.

Following is the variance language from Ordinance 9, Series 2000:

14. Relief Procedures.

A. The Planning Commission or Town Council may grant a variance, exception or waiver of any requirement of these Regulations (collectively, "variance") upon a written request by a developer or owner of property subject to these Regulations. A variance shall be granted only upon finding that (a) a strict application of these Regulations would, when regarded as a whole, result in compensable taking of the property; or (b) the purposes of these Regulations will be adequately served by an alternative proposal or requirement (including any required mitigation, which shall be within the District), and (i) the granting of the variance will not result in a substantial degradation of the natural and wildlife features of Cucumber Gulch, and (ii) there is no other practical alternative. No variance by itself or in combination with other variances shall have the effect of nullifying the intent and purpose of these Regulations. Section 9-1-11 of the Breckenridge Development Code is not applicable to the granting of a variance under these Regulations. (Emphasis added)

Planning staff believes that if this application was not a Town Project and required a variance, the application would meet the variance criteria.

Alternatives to Channel Restoration

Some alternatives to the proposed wetland restoration include:

- 1. <u>No action. Leave the site "as-is":</u> Leaving the channel as is would likely prompt additional headcutting and channel incision, potentially yielding increased sediment and water flows and in subsequent dam breaches in Lower Cucumber Gulch and beyond.
- 2. <u>Implement a more standard weir and drop-structure approach</u>: The goal to slow the water flows and raise the channel elevation could also be accomplished via the placement of large boulders and concrete weir structures in the Boreas Creek channel. This approach would conflict with the Cucumber Gulch Preserve goal of encouraging natural processes and minimizing excavation in the area. It is also likely that the Army Corps of Engineers staff would not approve this approach.
- 3. <u>Implementing portions of the proposal, but not the entirety:</u> This approach would not achieve the desired outcome. By repairing a portion of the channel reach, but not the entirety, channel headcutting would almost certainly result within the untreated portions. In addition, restricting the number of equipment incursions into Cucumber Gulch is preferable. Completing a portion of the channel restoration would increase the likelihood of additional access by heavy equipment to either repair or complete the restoration work.

The Town's consultants (Ecometrics and Johnson Environmental, Inc.) have contributed their input into the proposal design, and have agreed that the proposed plan is the most appropriate course of action for this site.

Drainage (27/A & 27/R): The proposed channel restoration is designed to improve drainage function in Cucumber Gulch. The intent is to slow the water that is currently channelized in Boreas Creek, to reestablish a cascading set of beaver ponds and wetlands to improve water quality and distribution.

Erosion Control: Best Management Practices will be utilized in this project, pursuant to the requirements of the Army Corps of Engineers. Measures will include temporary diversion of water flows, installation of wattles, creation of logjams, and reconstruction of beaver dams utilizing local fill material and native plant plugs.

Point Analysis (Section: 9-1-17-3): Staff finds no reason to assign positive or negative points under any Relative policies of the Development Code. We find that the project meets all Absolute polices, with the exception of Policy 2/A-Land Use as it relates to the Cucumber Gulch Overlay Protection District, for which a variance is requested.

Conformance with Relief Procedures: Staff believes that the proposed channel restoration work meets variance criteria "b" under the Relief Procedures of the Cucumber Gulch Overlay Protection District. We find that the proposal will adequately serve to meet the intent of the regulations designed to protect Cucumber Gulch Preserve. Specifically, staff finds that the proposed wetland restoration will better protect water quality in the Preserve and prevent additional wetland deterioration or loss. The proposal will not result in substantial degradation of the natural and wildlife features in Cucumber Gulch (criteria b.i.) and there is no practical alternative (criteria b.ii.), as discussed in the "Alternatives" discussion above.

Planning Commission Recommendation

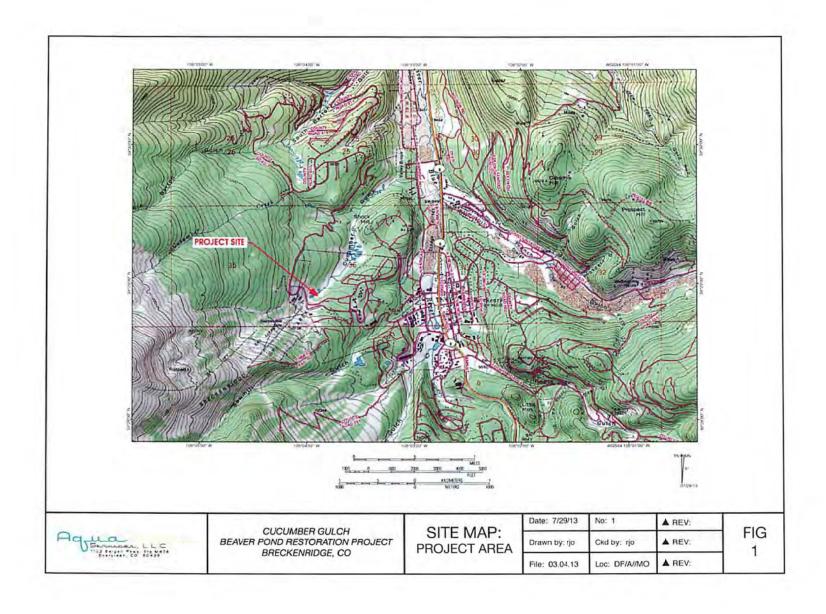
This is a Town Project pursuant to the recently adopted ordinance amending the Town Projects Process (Council Bill No. 1, Series 2013), effective April 12, 2013. The BOSAC reviewed the project and recommended its implementation at its August 19 meeting. At its September 3 meeting, the Planning Commission reviewed this application and unanimously recommended Town Council approval of the project, with the attached findings.

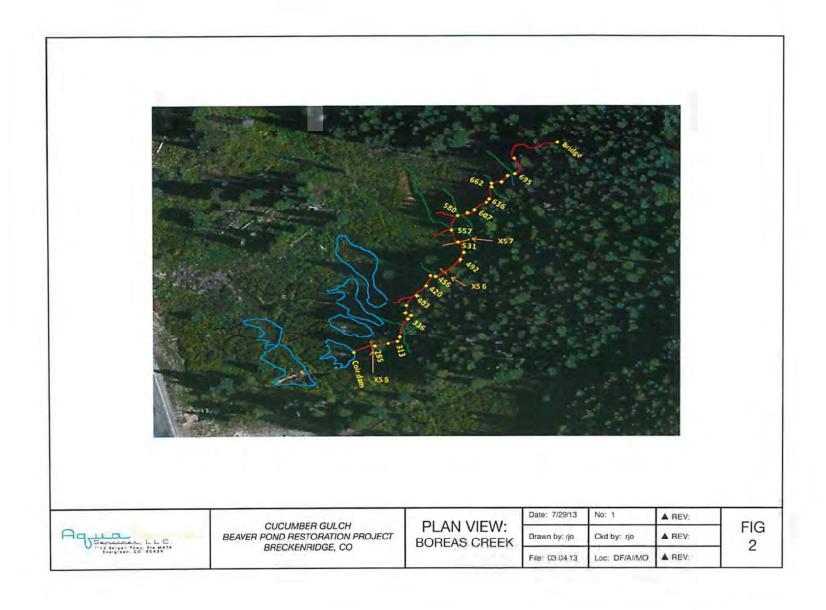
TOWN OF BRECKENRIDGE

Cucumber Gulch Preserve Channel Restoration Tract A, Peaks 7 & 8 Perimeter, Public Open Space PERMIT #2013074

FINDINGS

- 1. This project is "Town Project" as defined in Section 9-14-1 of the <u>Breckenridge Town Code</u> because it involves the planning, repair, maintenance, and improvement of a public project.
- The process for the review and approval of a Town Project as described in Section 9-14-4
 of the <u>Breckenridge Town Code</u> was followed in connection with the approval of this
 Town Project.
- 3. The Planning Commission reviewed and considered this Town Project on **September 3**, **2013**. In connection with its review of this Town Project, the Planning Commission scheduled and held a public hearing on September 3, 2013, notice of which was published on the Town's website for at least five (5) days prior to the hearing as required by Section 9-14-4(2) of the <u>Breckenridge Town Code</u>. At the conclusion of its public hearing, the Planning Commission recommended approval of this Town Project to the Town Council.
- 4. The Town Council's final decision with respect to this Town Project was made at the regular meeting of the Town Council that was held on September 10, 2013. This Town Project was listed on the Town Council's agenda for the September 10, 2013 agenda that was posted in advance of the meeting on the Town's website. Before making its final decision with respect to this Town Project, the Town Council accepted and considered any public comment that was offered.
- 5. Before approving this Town Project the Town Council received from the Director of the Department of Community Development, and gave due consideration to, a point analysis for the Town Project in the same manner as a point analysis is prepared for a final hearing on a Class B development permit application under the Town's Development Code (Chapter 1 of Title 9 of the <u>Breckenridge Town Code</u>).
- 6. The Town Council finds and determines that the Town Project is necessary or advisable for the public good, and that the Town Project shall be undertaken by the Town.





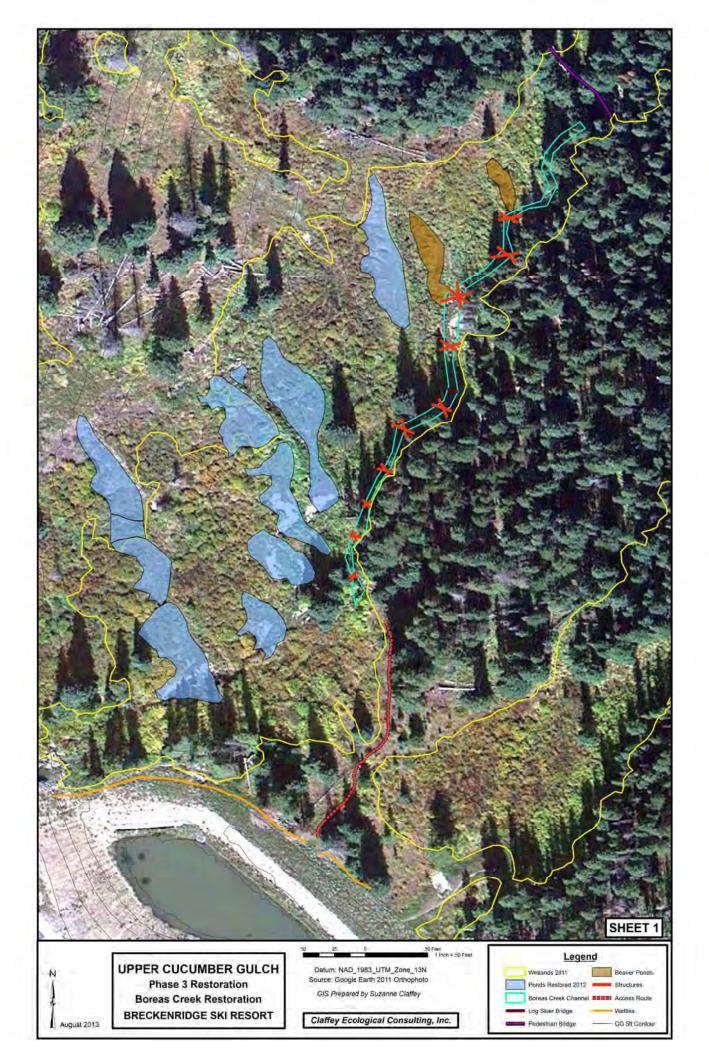


Photo B.



In this picture, flow is toward the viewer. Note the cross-channel log creating the small waterfall (grade control) in the middle of the photograph. On the right side of the photograph, you can see the gravel bar that is associated with the grade change, and you can also envision how the loss of this log might cause the channel to erode in the upstream direction. The log laying across the channel is actually being assisted by another log that is laying at an angle to the flow and the log.

Photo G.



View looking upstream at a large combination log and debris jam. Probably the result of the last very large event, you can see how the material has closed off the previous channel, and created a new channel that is not visible in the photograph. Such avulsions are also part of the natural order in the drainage; sometimes these changes in direction result in positive results and other times not so positive. In this respect, it is important to understand that temporal variation is normal, and without it, Cucumber Gulch would not have the habitat value it has today.

Photo F.



This photograph illustrates the result of overland sheet flow through the forest canopy. In this case, the dry waterfall and nascent channel in center left are the result of a log jam which forces very large flows into the riparian area. Features such as these should be monitored and erosional forces checked if they present risk to valuable habitat elements elsewhere.

Town Council Staff Report

Subject: MBJ/ Cucumber Wedge Forest Health Project

(Town Project, Hearing, PC#2013075)

Proposal: The Town is proposing a forest health treatment in Cucumber Gulch Preserve,

specifically addressing standing dead lodgepole pines and deadfall on the MBJ and Wedge parcels. These two parcels were acquired relatively recently by the Town and warrant tree removal in upland areas to reduce wildfire risk, diversify wildlife habitat, clean up a portion of the new open space, and remove standing

dead tree hazards.

The work described in the Application is a Town Project as defined in Section 9-

14 of the Town Code.

Date: September 4, 2013 (for meeting of September 10, 2013)

Project Manager: Scott Reid, Open Space and Trails Planner

Applicant/Owner: Town of Breckenridge

Address: 1522 Ski Hill Road

Legal Description: Sections of the Wildcat, Groundhog and Nugget Lodes, Public Open Space

Site Area: 34.03 acres

Land Use District: 1: Low Density Residential, Recreational

Site Conditions: The site is undeveloped and is an upland portion of the Cucumber Gulch Wildlife

Preserve. An existing access road from Ski Road constructed by the previous owners

provides good access with minimal impact to the project site.

The site is located immediately across Ski Hill Road from National Forest Lands and

undeveloped private property.

Adjacent Uses: North: Residential, single-family lots in the Zeppelin Subdivision

South: Protected open space in Cucumber Gulch Preserve

East: Protected open space in Cucumber Gulch Preserve and private property

West: Ski Hill Road, U.S. Forest Service Lands and private property

Item History

Cucumber Gulch Preserve ("the Preserve") is highly valued by the Town and its citizens due to its valuable wetland complex and associated wildlife biodiversity. Cucumber Gulch has been identified as an Aquatic Resource of National Importance (ARNI) by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency because the area contains rare peat-forming, groundwater-fed fen wetlands, as well as surface water-fed wetlands that support a rich biodiversity of animals, birds and plants. The Town and its citizens have

committed significant resources to acquiring, protecting, and appropriately managing this sensitive wetland ecosystem.

Since 2001, the Town has conducted extensive resource monitoring in the Preserve to better understand, and therefore manage, its ecosystem. In 2012, the Town contracted with Eric Petterson of Rocky Mountain Ecological Services (RMES) to evaluate forest health on the recently acquired MBJ and Cucumber Wedge portions of the Preserve.

Portions of the attached "Forest Management Prescription for the Town of Breckenridge's MBJ & Wedge Parcels", developed by RMES on behalf of the Town, recommends treating approximately 5.4 acres of forest with salvage and thinning for stand health improvement, and increased stand diversity for wildlife habitat improvement. The prescription recommends all MPB-killed trees, deadfall materials and approximately 30% of large living lodgepole pine to be removed to improve forest health and stand diversity. All healthy spruce or subalpine fir trees will be retained.

The Breckenridge Open Space Advisory Commission (BOSAC) was made aware of this project and reviewed this concept in spring 2013, and more recently at its August 19th meeting. BOSAC unanimously recommended proceeding with the proposed forest health prescription, and to pursue approval for a Town Project through the Planning Commission and Town Council. BOSAC recommended the treatment take place this fall to be consistent with RMES recommendation of conducting the treatment in late summer or fall months, after the ground has dried, and nesting bird activities have ceased. The Planning Commission also reviewed this project proposal at its September 3rd meeting and unanimously recommended Town Council consideration and approval of the proposed project.

Staff Comments

Protection of the Cucumber Gulch Preserve is a high priority for the Town of Breckenridge and its open space program. Town staff is working with qualified consultants to identify and address threats to the ecosystem health. The attached proposal is designed to fulfill that goal by improving forest health in Cucumber Gulch's dry uplands.

Land Use (Policies 2/A & 2/R): The Cucumber Gulch Overlay Protection District is an amendment to the Land Use Guidelines. Within the Preventive Management Area (PMA), most development activities are prohibited, including:

"D: Removal or excavation of material such as soil, gravel or vegetation."

"I. Vegetative cutting or clearing, except for: (i) maintenance of trails approved within the recreation plan pursuant to Paragraph 13 and existing Breckenridge Nordic Center trails; (ii) maintenance of forest health as determined by the Town in consultation with forest resource management agencies; and (iii) the uses referenced in Sub-paragraph K of this 8.4 Paragraph." (emphasis added)

The proposed project qualifies for an exception as "maintenance of forest health as determined by the Town in consultation with forest resource management agencies". The Town's consultant (Rocky Mountain Ecological Services) has contributed their input into the prescription, and has agreed that the proposed treatment is the most appropriate course of action for this particular area. The proposed project complies with the regulations of the Cucumber Gulch PMA.

Point Analysis (Section: 9-1-17-3): Staff finds no reason to assign positive or negative points under any Relative policies of the Development Code. We find that the project meets all Absolute polices, including Policy 2/A-Land Use as it relates to the Cucumber Gulch Overlay Protection District.

Planning Commission Recommendation

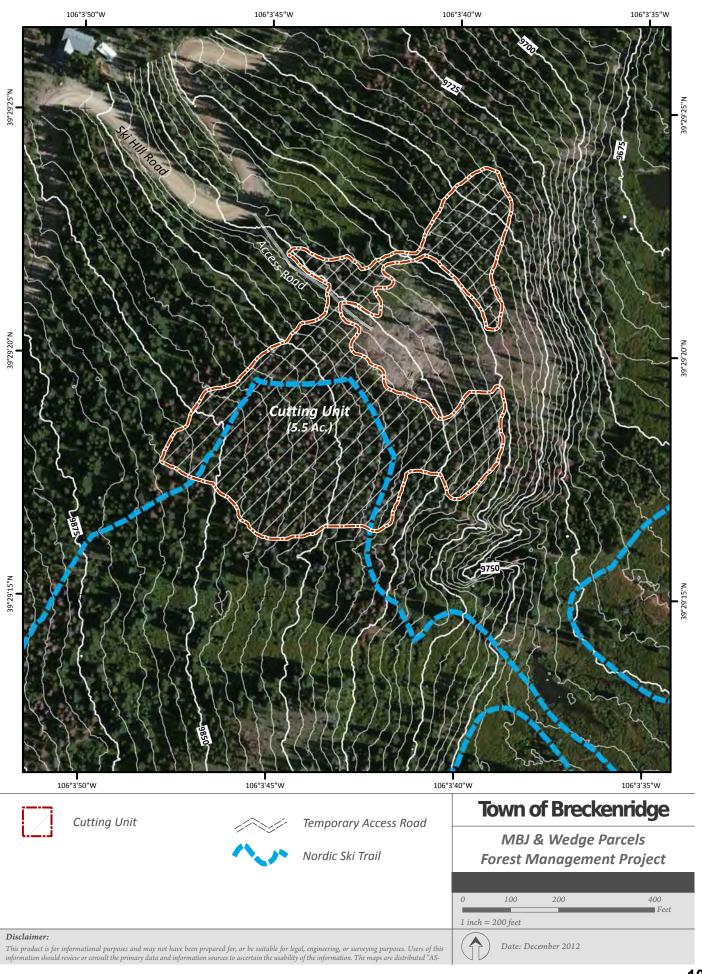
This is a Town Project pursuant to the recently adopted ordinance amending the Town Projects Process (Council Bill No. 1, Series 2013), effective April 12, 2013. BOSAC and the Planning Commission have both recommended Town Council review and approve this proposed forest health project, the MBJ/Cucumber Wedge Forest Health Project, PC#2013075, under the Town Project approval process with the attached Findings.

TOWN OF BRECKENRIDGE

MBJ – Cucumber Wedge Forest Health Project Sections of the Wildcat, Groundhog and Nugget Lodes PERMIT #2013075

FINDINGS

- 1. This project is "Town Project" as defined in Section 9-14-1 of the <u>Breckenridge Town</u> Code because it involves the planning, design, maintenance of a public project.
- 2. The process for the review and approval of a Town Project as described in Section 9-14-4 of the Breckenridge Town Code was followed in connection with the approval of this Town Project.
- 3. The Planning Commission reviewed and considered this Town Project on **September 3**, **2013**. In connection with its review of this Town Project, the Planning Commission scheduled and held a public hearing on September 3, 2013, notice of which was published on the Town's website for at least five (5) days prior to the hearing as required by Section 9-14-4(2) of the <u>Breckenridge Town Code</u>. At the conclusion of its public hearing, the Planning Commission recommended approval of this Town Project to the Town Council.
- 4. The Town Council's final decision with respect to this Town Project was made at the regular meeting of the Town Council that was held on September 10, 2013. This Town Project was listed on the Town Council's agenda for the September 10, 2013 agenda that was posted in advance of the meeting on the Town's website. Before making its final decision with respect to this Town Project, the Town Council accepted and considered any public comment that was offered.
- 5. Before approving this Town Project the Town Council received from the Director of the Department of Community Development, and gave due consideration to, a point analysis for the Town Project in the same manner as a point analysis is prepared for a final hearing on a Class B development permit application under the Town's Development Code (Chapter 1 of Title 9 of the <u>Breckenridge Town Code</u>).
- 6. The Town Council finds and determines that the Town Project is necessary or advisable for the public good, and that the Town Project shall be undertaken by the Town.





Existing access road from Ski Hill Road





Recently blown-down trees at eastern edge of unit should be assessed for removal, or some trees may also be left for small mammal and subnivean habitats



The site already has a recently used log-landing area, which should be used again, scarified and reclaimed using a native grass seed mix.

TOWN OF BRECKENRIDGE

PUBLIC ART COMMISSION AND TOWN COUNCIL JOINT MEETING AGENDA

Tuesday, September 10, 2013 Meeting Location: Town Council Chambers, Town Hall, 150 Ski Hill Road

5:00	Introductions
6:05	Public Art Program
6:10	Art Around Town and Sculpture on the Blue Highlights
5:15	"Bikefel" Tower Proposed Location
6:20	"The Nest" Proposed Relocation
6:25	Roundabout Call to Artists and Timeline
5:30	Future Project Priorities
5:35	Incentives for Public Art
	Breckenridge Arts District (BAD)
6:40	July 4th Highlights and Fundraising Ideas
6:45	Program Momentum
5:55	Questions
7:00	Adjourn

For further information, please contact: Jennifer Cram at 970-547-3116.